

Uploaded to the VFC Website



This Document has been provided to you courtesy of Veterans-For-Change!

Feel free to pass to any veteran who might be able to use this information!

For thousands more files like this and hundreds of links to useful information, and hundreds of "Frequently Asked Questions, please go to:

Veterans-For-Change

If Veterans don't help Veterans, who will?

Note:

VFC is not liable for source information in this document, it is merely provided as a courtesy to our members & subscribers.



Section F. Docketing, Certification, and Claims Folder Transfer

Overview

In this Section

This section contains the following topics:

Topic	Topic Name	See Page
25	Docketing Substantive Appeals	5-F-2
26	Certifying Substantive Appeals	5-F-3
27	VA Form 646, Statement of Accredited	5-F-7
	Representative in Appealed Cases	
28	Transferring the Claims Folder	5-F-10
29	Receiving Evidence and Changes after	5-F-13
	Certification and Transfer	
30	Advancing a Case on the Board of Veterans'	5-F-18
	Appeals (BVA) Docket	
31	Exhibit 1: Certification Worksheet	5-F-22
32	Exhibit 2: BVA Points of Contact	5-F-28

25. Docketing Substantive Appeals

Introduction

This topic contains information on docketing substantive appeals, including

- adding appeals to BVA's docket, and
- notification by BVA.

Change Date

August 4, 2009

a. Adding Appeals to BVA's Docket

Add appeals to the Board of Veterans' Appeals (BVA) docket by updating the Veterans Appeal Control and Locator System (VACOLS)

- immediately following the receipt of *VA Form 9, Substantive Appeal*, at the regional office (RO), and
- without requiring BVA to physically take possession of the related claims folder.

Notes:

- When the RO enters the date of receipt of the VA Form 9 into VACOLS, VACOLS will
 - reserve a slot on the docket based on the date entered, and
 - assign the Docket Number when BVA receives the appeal.
- The related claims folder will remain at the RO until it is certified as ready for BVA review. Once the claims folder is certified, it will be transferred to BVA immediately, unless the folder must remain at the RO because a BVA Travel Board or videoconference hearing has been scheduled.

Reference: For more information on tracking appeals in VACOLS, see the *VACOLS User Guide*.

b. Notification by BVA

BVA sends a docket notification letter that

- notifies the appellant
 - that his/her appeal has been added to BVA's docket
 - that all appeals will be considered in docket number order
 - what docket number has been assigned to the appeal, and
 - what telephone number to use to obtain general information, and
- includes two pamphlets providing information about the appeal.

26. Certifying Substantive Appeals

Introduction

This topic contains information on certifying substantive appeals, including

- the certification process
- when to certify an appeal
- when not to certify an appeal
- when appeals are certified in error
- the Veteran Service Representative's (VSR's) review of the claims folder
- the Decision Review Officer's (DRO's) or Veterans Service Center Manager's (VSCM's) review of the claims folder, and
- completing VA Form 8, Certification of Appeal.

Change Date

June 18, 2013

a. Certification Process

The Decision Review Officer (DRO), Veterans Service Center Manager (VSCM), or his/her designee is responsible for

- reviewing all appeals, and
- certifying that the appeal is ready for review by BVA.

Proper review of the case includes verification that all

- issues on appeal have been decided and discussed, and
- appropriate development has been initiated and properly disposed of.

26. Certifying Substantive Appeals, Continued

b. When to Certify an Appeal

Certify the appeal after obtaining (or exhausting all efforts to obtain) all available and relevant evidence.

If the appeal is based on a rating or authorization decision, the appropriate activity should review the appeal to

- determine if all
 - issues raised on appeal have been identified, and
 - contentions and allegations made by the appellant or his/her representative have been properly and adequately addressed, and
- confirm that all evidence is of record, including service records, if appropriate.

Note: VA medical records obtained from the Compensation and Pension Record Interchange (CAPRI) and uploaded to the appellant's electronic claims folder (eFolder) in Virtual VA, already considered in a prior Statement of the Case (SOC) or Supplemental Statements of the Case (SSOC), are considered of record for certification purposes. **Do not print the VA treatment records for inclusion in a paper claims folder**. BVA will review the records in the eFolder.

References: For more information on

- using CAPRI for selecting and storing electronic medical records, see
 - M21-1MR, Part III, Subpart v, 6.G.30
 - the CAPRI User Manual,
- eFolders, see M21-1MR, Part III, Subpart ii, 3.C.8.g, and
- uploading CAPRI records into Virtual VA, see <u>Saving CAPRI Reports to</u> Virtual VA in Lieu of Printing User Guide.

26. Certifying Substantive Appeals, Continued

c. When Not to Certify an Appeal

In any case in which final action is delayed to permit the submission of additional evidence, do *not* certify an appeal until the period for submission of the evidence has expired.

Reference: For more information on time limits, see M21-1MR, Part I, 5.B.4.

d. When Appeals Are Certified in Error

If an appeal is certified in error submit a request to decertify the appeal in VACOLS to the <u>BVA File Transfer mailbox</u> (identified in Outlook as "BVA File Transfer" or <u>BVAFileTransfer@va.gov</u>).

Notes:

- Include the appellant's name and claim number in the request to BVA.
- When an appeal is electronically certified in VACOLS, the RO must physically send the file to BVA or request that the appeal be decertified because it was certified in error.

e. VSR Review of Claims Folder

The Veterans Service Representative (VSR) or other Veterans Service Center (VSC) employee

- updates VACOLS for receipt of a substantive appeal, and
- refers the claims folder to the DRO, VSCM, or his/her designee.

Note: The VSCM designee is an employee, such as a senior Rating VSR or Appeals Team Coach, who is well versed in the appellate process and the issue under appeal.

26. Certifying Substantive Appeals, Continued

f. DRO or VSCM Review of Claims Folder

The DRO, VSCM, or his/her designee

- reviews the claims folder
- verifies that all
 - issues on appeal have been decided
 - appropriate development has been initiated and properly disposed of, and
 - completes the certification worksheet
- ensures that
 - all necessary development was accomplished
 - the SOC was adequate, and
 - all issues raised have been considered
- remedies any deficiencies through additional development or a SSOC, and
- gives the representative of a service organization an opportunity to execute and return *VA Form 646*, *Statement of Accredited Representative in Appealed Case*, prior to certification.

References: For

- a sample of the certification worksheet, see M21-1MR, Part I, 5.F.31.
- more information on the review and statement by an accredited service organization representative, see M21-1MR, Part I, 5.F.27.

g. Completing VA Form 8

Complete *VA Form 8*, *Certification of Appeal*, to certify the appeal when it is ready for review by BVA. Cite only those issues on appeal. If the appeal is enlarged to include addition issues, certify all related issues on appeal to BVA.

27. VA Form 646, Statement of Accredited Representative in Appealed Cases

Introduction

This topic contains information on VA Form 646, Statement of Accredited Representative in Appealed Cases, including

- the purpose of VA Form 646
- executing VA Form 646
 - prior to certification
 - for remanded appeals
- preparing and sending VA Form 646
- reviewing the representative's arguments, and
- completing VA Form 646.

Change Date

August 4, 2009

a. Purpose of VA Form 646

VA Form 646 gives an appellant's representative an opportunity to review the appeal and submit a statement regarding the appeal

- prior to certification, and/or
- after
 - receiving new evidence requiring additional action, or
 - completing an action on a BVA-remanded appeal.

b. Executing VA Form 646 Prior to Certification

VA Form 646 can be executed prior to certification of an appeal when

- a hearing was not conducted
- a hearing was conducted but the representative did not participate
- additional evidence was submitted during or subsequent to the
 - hearing, or
 - execution of VA Form 646, or
- exceptional circumstances indicate that an opportunity should be extended to the representative to execute *VA Form 646*.

27. VA Form 646, Statement of Accredited Representative in Appealed Cases, Continued

c. Executing VA Form 646 for Remanded Appeals

VA Form 646 can be executed in remanded cases when further consideration is required by BVA.

Note: VA Form 646 is not required when

- new evidence is not submitted and additional actions were not required, or
- an appeal is
 - remanded by BVA solely for assembly of records, such as X-ray films or outpatient treatment folders, and
 - forwarded without further consideration by the agency of original jurisdiction.

d. Preparing and Sending VA Form 646

Prepare a memo for the representative that requests completion of *VA Form* 646 and states the time limits for submission. Send the memo to the representative and place a copy of it in the claims folder for record purposes.

Note: Determine the entry for "Reply Requested by [date]" in accordance with locally-established rules designed to prevent unwarranted delay. The recommended range is five to eight days.

If the representative

- does *not* return VA Form 646 within the time limit for submission
 - follow up the request for completion after five working days have passed since submission, and
 - annotate the file with the date of the follow-up.
- does *not* return *VA Form 646* within a reasonable amount of time, such as the second workday after the date of "Reply Requested"
 - annotate the control copy of VA Form 646 as "646 not executed"
 - date and initial the copy, and
 - file it in the claims folder.
- requests an extension, refer the request to the VSCM or his/her designee to decide if the request should be granted.

Reference: For more information on certification and transfer of the appeal to BVA, see

- M21-1MR, Part I, 5.F.26, and
- M21-1MR, Part I, 5.F.28.

27. VA Form 646, Statement of Accredited Representative in Appealed Cases, Continued

e. Reviewing the Representative's Arguments Carefully review

- VA Form 646, and
- the representative's arguments.

Use the table below to respond to the representative's arguments on *VA Form* 646.

If the representative	Then
indicates that there may be additional	undertake the necessary
evidence in support of the claim	development.
raises new issues	go to M21-1MR, Part I, 5.E.24.
asserts that statutes or regulations other than those sited in the SOC apply to the appeal	 consider if issuance of an SSOC is appropriate, and issue an SSOC <i>only</i> if the SOC was erroneous in not including those citations.
 cites Court of Appeals for Veterans Claims (CAVC) decisions to support the claim, and explains how any CAVC decisions cited apply to the particular appeal 	 carefully review the appeal for errors or deficiencies that may exist based on the CAVC decision cited correct any errors or deficiencies found, and issue an SSOC. Note: Do not issue an SSOC if no errors or deficiencies are found.
offers only argument	do <i>not</i> issue an SSOC. BVA will consider the representative's argument.

f. Completing VA Form 646

Complete the entries in the heading of VA Form 646

- prior to certification, and/or
- upon request by BVA for the temporary transfer of the claims folder.

28. Transferring the Claims Folder

Introduction

This topic contains information on transferring the claims folder, including

- receiving evidence prior to transferring the claims folder to BVA
- when to transfer the claims folder to BVA
- procedure for transferring the claims folder, and
- permanently transferring the claims folder to another RO.

Change Date

August 4, 2009

a. Receiving Evidence Prior to Transferring Claims Folder to BVA Use the table below to process evidence received prior to transfer of the claims folder to BVA.

If the evidence	Then
was requested by the RO	 refer the evidence to the appropriate DRO rating activity, or authorization activity, and permit the personal appearance of the appellant or his/her representative in connection with the consideration of such additional evidence.
is received after an appeal has been certified to BVA, but before the claims folder is transferred	 retain the claims folder refer the evidence to the appropriate DRO rating activity, or authorization activity notify BVA of the delay, and estimated date when the folder will be forwarded, and forward the claims folder and all other records relating to the issue on appeal to BVA, upon request.

28. Transferring the Claims Folder, Continued

b. When to Transfer Claims Folder to BVA Route the claims folder for transfer to BVA after

- VA Form 8 is signed by the DRO, VSCM, or his/her designee
- all correspondence is released
- VACOLS is updated, and
- The VSC creates a temporary claims folder containing copies of
 - VA Form 8
 - the latest rating decision
 - the latest award letter, and
 - any other pertinent documents that may be needed to adjudicate any new or supplemental claims while the claims folder is temporarily transferred to BVA.

Important: Do *not* create an additional volume of a claims folder in the Control of Veterans Records System (COVERS) while the original claims folder is temporarily located at BVA. Instead, create a temporary folder to house copies of the documents listed above.

Reference: For information on

- evidence received after transfer of the claims folder to BVA, see <u>M21-1MR</u>, <u>Part I, 5.F.29.a</u>, and
- COVERS folder operations, see the *COVERS User Guide*.

c. Procedure for Transferring Claims Folder

Follow the steps in the table below to transfer the claims folder to BVA when the case is ready for BVA review.

Step	Action
1	Update VACOLS by entering the date the appeal was certified to
	BVA.
	Result : The claims folder and all associated evidence will be
	immediately transferred to BVA.

28. Transferring the Claims Folder, Continued

c. Procedure for Transferring Claims Folder (continued)

Step	Action
2	Prepare a locally-generated letter to notify the appellant that the
	appeal has been certified and transferred to BVA.
	If a hearing was requested before BVA in Washington, DC, add the following statement to the letter:
	You will be advised by the Board concerning your request for a hearing.
	<i>Note</i> : Do <i>not</i> use the letter generated by the Benefits Delivery Network (BDN).
3	Send copies of the locally-generated letter to the
	– appellant
	– representative, and
	– other interested persons, if any, and
	• ensure that a copy of the letter is in the claims folder when it is
	forwarded to BVA.
	Notes:
	• If the appellant's address is not known
	– continue to forward the appeal to BVA, and
	 send notice to the appellant at the last known address.
	• Receipt of VA Form 9 places it under BVA jurisdiction.

d. Permanently Transferring Claims Folder to Another RO

To permanently transfer the claims folder to another RO

- indicate the new RO location on the claims folder
- update
 - the address, and
 - VACOLS to reflect the transfer of the claims folder to the receiving RO, and
- transfer the claims folder and all evidence relating to the appeal to the other RO.

Introduction

This topic contains information on receiving evidence and changes after certification and transfer, including

- receiving evidence after certification and transfer
- receiving unrelated claims after certification and transfer
- requesting temporary return of the claims folder
- receiving a change of address after certification and transfer
- guidelines for changing representation after certification and transfer
- receiving a change in representation after certification and transfer
- guidelines for requesting a hearing after certification and transfer, and
- receiving a request for a hearing after certification and transfer.

Change Date

June 18, 2013

a. Receiving Evidence After Certification and Transfer

Consideration of appeals involves studying all evidence available relating to the issue presented. Follow the steps in the table below when evidence is received after an appeal has been certified and the claims folder has been transferred.

Step	Action
1	Review the copy of VA Form 8 that has been retained in the
	temporary claims folder.
2	Determine the relationship of the evidence to the issue under BVA
	review.

$\textbf{a. Receiving Evidence After Certification and Transfer} \ (\texttt{continued})$

Step	Action
3	Is the evidence related to the issue under BVA review?
	• If <i>yes</i> , forward the new evidence to BVA, together with – a copy of the associated VACOLS screen, and/or – a copy of <i>VA Form 8</i> .
	Notes:
	• If BVA determines that the evidence was received timely, BVA will seek a waiver of initial RO consideration from the appellant and consider whether a remand to the RO is merited.
	• Upon receipt of supplemental service treatment records (STRs) that are pertinent to an issue under appeal
	 make copies of the STRs and place them in the temporary folder
	 forward the original STRs to BVA as stated above, and maintain end product (EP) 699 control until the claims folder is returned.
	• If <i>no</i> , obtain the information needed to process the unrelated claim from the claims folder by
	 calling or faxing the appropriate BVA team, or requesting temporary return of the claims folder.
	References:
	• For a list of BVA points of contact, see M21-1MR, Part I, 5.F.32.
	For more information on
	 requesting return of the folder, see M21-1MR, Part I, 5.F.29.b handling claims received while the folder is at General Counsel awaiting CAVC processing, see M21-1MR, Part I,
	<u>5.J.48</u>
	 obtaining a waiver of initial consideration of evidence, see <u>Disabled American Veterans et al. v. Secretary</u>, Case Nos. 02-7304, -7305, -7316 (Fed. Cir. May 1, 2003) and <u>VAOPGCPREC 1-2003</u>, and
	- the time limit for submission of additional evidence, see 38 <u>CFR 20.1304</u> .

b. Receiving Unrelated Claims After Certification and Transfer

If an unrelated claim is received while the appellant's claims folder is before BVA

- place the claim under control, and
- act on it as soon as possible.

Note: CAVC has stated that undue delay on new claims will not be tolerated.

Reference: For more information on handling unrelated claims, see <u>Ebert v.</u> <u>Brown</u>, 4 Vet.App. 434 (1993).

c. Requesting Temporary Return of Claims Folder

When you receive unrelated evidence, and the claims folder is essential to adjudication of a claim unrelated to the appeal issue

- submit a request for temporary transfer of the claims folder to
 - the <u>BVA File Transfer mailbox</u> (identified in Outlook as "BVA File Transfer" or bva.Filetransfer@va.gov, and
- furnish
 - the appellant's name
 - the appellant's claim number
 - the reason for requesting the claims folder, and
 - a point of contact where the claims folder should be sent.

Result: BVA determines whether the claims folder can be returned to the RO. If BVA cannot return the claims folder immediately, BVA will indicate the anticipated date of return.

Note: BVA may temporarily transfer a claims folder to the RO for 21 days to process a pending claim unrelated to the issue(s) on appeal. If mitigating circumstances prevent a folder from being returned to BVA within this time frame, submit an extension request to the BVA File Transfer Mailbox.

d. Receiving a Change of Address After Certification and Transfer

If a change of address is received after certification or transfer, refer the claim for VACOLS input.

e. Guidelines for Changing Representation After Certification and Transfer

An appellant may submit a request for a change in representation

- within 90 days from the mailing of notice that an appeal has been certified to BVA, or
- until the date the appellate decision is made by BVA, whichever comes first.

After this time period, BVA may permit a change in representation for good cause. BVA will determine if the request to change representatives can be accepted.

f. Receiving a Change in Representation After Certification and Transfer

If notice is received of the appointment by the appellant of a new representative *after* certification and transfer of the appeal to BVA

- send the request for a change in representation directly to BVA, not the RO
- update the following systems to reflect the new power of attorney code:
 - VACOLS
 - the Beneficiary Identification Records Locator Subsystem (BIRLS)/SHARE, and
 - BDN/SHARE, including the pending issue file (PIF), if necessary.
- forward the document appointing the new representative to BVA, and
- keep a photocopy for the drop file pending return of the claims folder.

Reference: For more information on receiving a change in representation after certification and transfer, see 38 CFR 20.1304.

g. Guidelines for Requesting a Hearing After Certification and Transfer

An appellant may submit a request for a hearing on an appeal

- within 90 days from the mailing of notice that an appeal has been certified and transferred to BVA, or
- until the date the appellate decision is established by BVA, whichever comes first.

Note: BVA will determine if a hearing can be scheduled.

Reference: For more information on guidelines for requesting a hearing after certification and transfer, see <u>38 CFR 20.1304</u>.

h. Receiving a Request for a Hearing After Certification and Transfer

Send requests for a hearing directly to BVA, *not* the RO. If a request is received at the RO, forward it to BVA.

Reference: For more information on receiving a request for a hearing after certification and transfer, see 38 CFR 20.1304.

30. Advancing a Case on the Board of Veterans' Appeals (BVA) Docket

Introduction

This topic contains information on advancing a case on the Board of Veterans' Appeals (BVA) docket, including

- the reasons for advancing a case on the BVA docket
- the process for advancing a case on the BVA docket
- handling an advanced motion from an appellant or his/her representative
- forwarding the advanced motion from the appellant or his/her representative, and
- BVA's acknowledgement of an appellant's advanced motion.

Change Date

August 4, 2009

a. Reasons for Advancing aCase on the BVA Docket

Generally, BVA considers cases in the order of their placement on the docket. However, <u>38 U.S.C. 7107</u> allows a case to advance on the docket for good cause.

In this situation, good cause includes, but is not limited to

- an appellant's
 - terminal illness
 - advanced age, and/or
 - extreme financial hardship, and/or
- matters concerning an interpretation of a law that when generally applied, may affect the claims of other Veterans and/or their dependents.

Note: Status as a former prisoner of war (FPOW), in itself, is not a sufficient cause for requesting an advance on the docket.

30. Advancing a Case on the Board of Veterans' Appeals (BVA) Docket, Continued

b. Process for Advancing a Case on the BVA Docket The table below describes the process for advancing a case on the BVA docket, if advancement is warranted at the pre-certification step.

Stage	Description
1	The VSR prepares a memorandum to send to the VSCM. This
	memorandum documents all factors that he/she believes to warrant
	an advance on the BVA docket.
2	If the VSCM
	• approves the request, go to Stage 3, or
	• does <i>not</i> approve the request
	 the VSCM prepares a note to that effect over his/her signature, and
	– the VSR places the note in the claims folder.
	<i>Important</i> : The VSCM may <i>not</i> delegate authority to approve a
	request for an advance on the docket. However, in the absence of
	the VSCM, the Assistant or Acting VSCM may assume the
	authority.
3	The VSR
	• property a latter to the Chairman of DVA requesting an advance
	• prepares a letter to the Chairman of BVA requesting an advance on the docket, including the detailed reasons that warrant the
	advance
	• obtains the signature of the RO Director on the letter
	• attaches the letter to the claims folder, and
	• sends the claims folder to BVA.
4	If BVA
	• approves the request, BVA includes a statement in their decision
	regarding the approved request for an advance on the docket, or
	• denies the request, BVA immediately notifies the appellant
	and/or his/her representative.

30. Advancing a Case on the Board of Veterans' Appeals (BVA) Docket, Continued

c. Handling an Advanced Motion From an Appellant or His/Her Representative If the appellant or his/her representative requests an advance on the BVA docket, the VSCM does *not* rule on the merits of the motion.

Instead, attach the motion to the letter prepared for the Chairman of BVA. Use appropriate language in the letter to refer to the motion in lieu of a detailed explanation of the reasons for the advance on the docket.

d. Forwarding an Advanced Motion from an Appellant or His/Her Representative Use the table below to forward the motion to BVA when the appellant or his/her representative requests earlier consideration by BVA.

If the appeal is	Then
in BVA custody	forward the motion to BVA via transmittal stating
	"See attached motion to advance on BVA docket."
not in BVA custody,	• photocopy the motion
regardless of	• annotate the motion document as "Copy to BVA"
jurisdictional	• initial and date the annotation
authority	• return the claims folder to the next activity, and
	• forward a copy of the motion to BVA via
	transmittal stating "See attached motion to
	advance on BVA docket."

e. BVA's
Acknowledgem
ent of
Appellant's
Advanced
Motion

BVA

- acknowledges the receipt of the motion to the appellant, and
- enters a ruling with respect to the disposition of the motion to advance.

Take the actions in the table below if BVA grants a motion for earlier consideration.

Reference: For more information on requests for transfer of the claims folder, see <u>38 U.S.C. 7107</u>.

30. Advancing a Case on the Board of Veterans' Appeals (BVA) Docket, Continued

e. BVA's
Acknowledgem
ent of
Appellant's
Advanced
Motion
(continued)

Action
BVA notifies Compensation Service of the grant.
Compensation Service notifies the VSCM at the RO where the claims folder is located
The RO must forward the folder to BVA within 10 workdays from the day they were notified of the grant for earlier consideration. If the RO cannot forward the folder within 10 workdays
 the VSCM or VSCM designee must e-mail the advance docket mailbox at <u>VAVBAWAS/CO/21/BVA Advance Motion</u>. Include in the e-mail an explanation on why the folder cannot be sent, and the approximate date the folder will be available for transfer.

31. Exhibit 1: Certification Worksheet

Change Date	August 19, 2005		
a. Certification Worksheet – Page 1	Page 1 of a sample of the certification worksheet is be	elow.	
	Certification Worksheet		
NOTE: Reverse fi	le this docum ent in the center of the claims folder un til fin al BV A	disposition	
Name of Veteran:_ Name of Appellant Representative:_	(If Other Than V eteran):		
Date of Decision or	n Appeal: Date of Notification:		
Was the NOD tim Are the issues cle Were new issues t		YES	NO
DEFICIENCIES:			
Were substantial efollow-up request If Federal records of Federal record Were reasonable substantiate the cl Were all attempts in the claims file? Were alternative substantial	were requested, but could not be obtained, was a memorandum unavailability prepared for the file? attempts made to obtain relevant non-Federal evidence to aim, including at least one follow-up request, if needed? to obtain relevant Federal and non-Federal records documented cources used to obtain evidence? if if of which relevant records V A was unable to obtain and	YES	NO
given an opportun	ity to furnish them?		

b. Certification Page 2 of a sample of the certification worksheet is below. Worksheet – Page 2

Were any of the following types of evidence obtained?	YES	NO	N/A
Verification of all periods of service.			
Complete SMRs.			
Private treatment records.			
VA treatment records.			
Military hospital records since discharge.			
USASCURR records.			
Stressor information.			
Current employment information.			
Employment history.			
Employment physical.			
Education records.			
Social Security disability records.			
Insurance physical.			
Vocational Rehabilitation records.			
Verified income data from IVM records.			
Income information.			
Dependency verification.			
Lay evidence.			
Other relevant records.			

c. Certification Page 3 of a sample of the certification worksheet is below.
 Worksheet – Page 3

EXAMINATIONS	YES NO
Was an examination ordered?	\(\sigma\)
Was the claims folder sent to the examiner for review as part of the examination process? If "no," explain why not.	
Did appellant report for examination?	
Was appellant notified of his/her failure to report for examination (if applicable)?	
Were all issues (claimed and inferred) addressed on examination?	
Did examiner discuss each disability in relation to its history?	8
Were all necessary tests performed? Did examiner specify the functional impairment resulting from disability, when necessary?	
Did examiner specify active and passive motion when necessary?	200
Did examiner indicate normal range of motion?	
Did examiner indicate to what extent range of motion is limited by pain, when necessary?	
Were x-rays provided when warranted?	1
Were pulmonary function tests provided when warranted?	
On exams for hearing loss and defective vision, was exam using VA testing provided?	
Did examiner explain basis of current diagnosis, where a conflict in diagnosis exists or where a differential diagnosis was noted?	
Was final assessment made after results of all tests and studies had been reviewed by examiner?	
Were specialty examinations completed when necessary? Was a medical opinion provided with complete supporting rationale when necessary?	
Did examiner distinguish between the manifestations of service-connected and nonservice-connected disabilities?	
Did examiner express an opinion as to the extent of increase in disability due to aggravation in cases involving direct or secondary service connection?	
Did examination include Global Assessment of Functioning (GAF) Scale assessments?	
Did examiner provide a medical opinion when warranted, as to the effect of the service-connected disabilities on the appellant's ability to work?	
Did examiner provide a medical opinion when warranted, as to the effect of any nonservice-connected disabilities on the appellant's ability to work?	

d. Certification Page 4 of a sample of the certification worksheet is below.
 Worksheet –
 Page 4

EXAM IN ATION S (continued)	YES	N
Were the examination results adequate?		
Did the examiner follow the Physician's Guide?		
Was the examination returned as inadequate?		
DEFICIENCIES:		
STATEMENT OF THE CASE	YES	NO
Were all issues covered?		
Were reasons and bases adequate?		
Were the laws and regulations complete?		
DEFICIENCIES:		
	VI. C	N
SUBST ANTIVE APPEAL	YES	NO
SUBSTANTIVE APPEAL Was the appeal timely?	YES	NO
SUBSTANTIVE APPEAL Was the appeal timely? Was copy sent to BVA?	YES	NO
Was the appeal timely? Was copy sent to BVA? Was a hearing requested and acknowledged?	YES	NO
SUBSTANTIVE APPEAL Was the appeal timely? Was copy sent to BVA? Was a hearing requested and acknowledged? Was a BVA hearing requested?	YES	NO
SUBSTANTIVE APPEAL Was the appeal timely? Was copy sent to BVA? Was a hearing requested and acknowledged? Was a BVA hearing requested? Was the case placed on the travel board docket?	YES	NO
SUBSTANTIVE APPEAL Was the appeal timely? Was copy sent to BVA? Was a hearing requested and acknowledged? Was a BVA hearing requested? Was the case placed on the travel board docket? Was hearing request clear?	YES	NO
SUBSTANTIVE APPEAL Was the appeal timely? Was copy sent to BVA? Was a hearing requested and acknowledged? Was a BVA hearing requested? Was the case placed on the travel board docket? Was hearing request clear? Were new issues raised and addressed?	YES	NO
SUBSTANTIVE APPEAL Was the appeal timely? Was copy sent to BVA? Was a hearing requested and acknowledged? Was a BVA hearing requested? Was the case placed on the travel board docket? Was hearing request clear? Were new issues raised and addressed? Was additional evidence indicated?	YES	NO
SUBSTANTIVE APPEAL Was the appeal timely? Was copy sent to BVA? Was a hearing requested and acknowledged? Was a BVA hearing requested? Was the case placed on the travel board docket? Was hearing request clear? Were new issues raised and addressed? Was additional evidence indicated?	YES	NO
SUBSTANTIVE APPEAL Was the appeal timely? Was copy sent to BVA? Was a hearing requested and acknowledged? Was a BVA hearing requested? Was the case placed on the travel board docket? Was hearing request clear? Were new issues raised and addressed? Was additional evidence indicated? If so, was evidence requested?	YES	NO
SUBSTANTIVE APPEAL Was the appeal timely? Was copy sent to BVA? Was a hearing requested and acknowledged? Was a BVA hearing requested? Was the case placed on the travel board docket? Was hearing request clear? Were new issues raised and addressed?	YES	NO
SUBSTANTIVE APPEAL Was the appeal timely? Was copy sent to BVA? Was a hearing requested and acknowledged? Was a BVA hearing requested? Was the case placed on the travel board docket? Was hearing request clear? Were new issues raised and addressed? Was additional evidence indicated? If so, was evidence requested?	YES	NC

e. Certification	Page 5 of a sample of the certification worksheet is below
Worksheet -	-
Page 5	

	YES	NO
Wasan SSOC prepared?		
Was more than one SSOC prepared?		
Were the reasons for decision adequate?		
Were the laws and regulations complete?		
DEFICIENCIES:		
HEARING	YES	NO
Was additional evidence presented at hearing?		
Were new issues raised at hearing?		
Did the Decision Review Officer's decision address all issues?		
Was the decision affirmed?		
Were the reasons for the decision adequate?		
Were the laws and regulations complete?		
Was a full grant allowed?		
DEFICIENCIES:		
VA FORM 646	YES	NO
Was VA Form 646 submitted by the appellant's representative?	YES	NO
Was VA Form 646 submitted by the appellant's representative? Were new issues raised?	YES	NO
Was VA Form 646 submitted by the appellant's representative? Were new issues raised? Were new issues adequately addressed?	YES	NO
Was VA Form 646 submitted by the appellant's representative? Were new issues raised?	YES	NO
Was VA Form 646 submitted by the appellant's representative? Were new issues raised? Were new issues adequately addressed? Was a subsequent 646 completed when necessary?	YES	NO
Was VA Form 646 submitted by the appellant's representative? Were new issues raised? Were new issues adequately addressed? Was a subsequent 646 completed when necessary?	YES	NO
Was VA Form 646 submitted by the appellant's representative? Were new issues raised? Were new issues adequately addressed?	YES	NO
Was VA Form 646 submitted by the appellant's representative? Were new issues raised? Were new issues adequately addressed? Was a subsequent 646 completed when necessary?	YES	NO

f. Certification	Page 6 of a sample of the certification worksheet is below
Worksheet -	
Page 6	

DECISION	YES	NO
Was appellant notified of all decisions?		
Was appellant notified of the 90-day rule?		
Any alleged error addressed?		
Did the decision adequately address all issues?		
Have all new issues (non-appeal) raised during the appeal process been properly adjudicated?		
Has all medical evidence referred to during the appeal process been obtained and evaluated?		
If a new appeal issue was raised, has it been added to the appeal through a separate SOC?		
Were any issues on appeal withdrawn? If so, identify.		
What actions are needed to perfect appeal?		
What actions are needed to perfect appeal?		
What actions are needed to perfect appeal?		

32. Exhibit 2: BVA Points of Contact

Introduction This exhibit contains information on BVA points of contact.

Change Date June 18, 2013

Central Region

a. Team I ROs: Point of Contact: John Kenner **Telephone Number**: (202) 632-4776

> Status Calls: (800) 923-8387 Fax Number: (202) 343-1891

- Chicago, Illinois
- Cleveland, Ohio
- Des Moines, Iowa
- Detroit, Michigan
- Fargo, North Dakota
- Indianapolis, Indiana
- Lincoln, Nebraska
- Louisville, Kentucky
- Milwaukee, Wisconsin
- Muskogee, Oklahoma
- Sioux Falls, South Dakota
- St. Louis, Missouri
- St. Paul, Minnesota
- Wichita, Kansas

32. Exhibit 2: BVA Points of Contact, Continued

b. Team IIROs: SouthernRegion

Point of Contact: Timothy Owens **Telephone Number**: (202) 632-4797

Status Calls: (800) 923-8387 **Fax Number**: (202) 343-1893

- Atlanta, Georgia
- Jackson, Mississippi
- Little Rock, Arkansas
- Montgomery, Alabama
- Nashville, Tennessee
- New Orleans, Louisiana
- San Juan, Puerto Rico
- St. Petersburg, Florida

c. Team III ROs: Eastern Region **Point of Contact**: Tami Turner **Telephone Number**: (202) 632-5644

Status Calls: (800) 923-8387 **Fax Number**: (202) 343-1890

- Baltimore, Maryland
- Boston, Massachusetts
- Buffalo, New York
- Columbia, South Carolina
- Hartford, Connecticut
- Huntington, West Virginia
- Manchester, New Hampshire
- New York, New York
- Newark, New Jersey
- Philadelphia, Pennsylvania
- Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania
- Providence, Rhode Island
- Roanoke, Virginia
- Togus, Maine
- Washington, DC
- White River Junction, Vermont
- Wilmington, Delaware
- Winston-Salem, North Carolina

32. Exhibit 2: BVA Points of Contact, Continued

d. Team IV ROs: Western Region **Point of Contact**: Lazette Clanton **Telephone Number**: (202) 632-5916

Status Calls: (800) 923-8387 **Fax Number**: (202) 343-1452

- Albuquerque, New Mexico
- Anchorage, Alaska
- Boise, Idaho
- Cheyenne, Wyoming
- Denver, Colorado
- Fort Harrison, Montana
- Honolulu, Hawaii
- Houston, Texas
- Los Angeles, California
- Manila, Philippine Islands
- Oakland, California
- Phoenix, Arizona
- Portland, Oregon
- Reno, Nevada
- Salt Lake City, Utah
- San Diego, California
- Seattle, Washington
- Waco, Texas