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Determination of Tetra-Nexa CDFs and Tetra-CDDs in Air Samples from the 11, 14, 16 and 17th Floors of the Binghamton State Office Building

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5/16/83

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DIRECTOR PUBLIC HEALTH

#### INTRODUCTION

Analysis of air samples taken from the 16th floor (NE, SE, NW, and SW Corners) of the Binghamton State Office Building (March 16, 1983 NYS report) showed concentrations of from 7 to 16  $pg/m^3$  2,3,7,8 TCDF and 52-102  $pg/m^3$  total TCDF. Penta-CDF appeared to be lower in concentration, detected in only one sample out of four at a total concentration of 22  $pg/m^3$ . 2,3,7,8 TCDD, found at 0.26-2.2 ppmlevels in soot samples analyzed after the transformer fire, was not confirmed in air samples from the 16th floor at concentrations of  $\langle 1.3$  $pg/m^3$ , although a signal at m/e 322 was detected.

In the present study it was necessary to analyze additional air samples to: 1. determine the floor-to-floor variation of PCDFs in air.

- re-analyze samples to determine the precision of sampling and analysis.
- 3. separately analyze the particulate and adsorbed gaseous PCDFs.
- combine samples for greater sensitivity for both
  PCDFs and TCDDs.

Using silica gel adsorbent cartridges containing labelled <sup>13</sup>C 2,3,7,8 TCDD, <sup>37</sup>Cl OCDD, <sup>37</sup>Cl 2,3,7,8 TCDF and <sup>37</sup>Cl penta-CDF (3 isomers), 50 m<sup>3</sup> air were collected. They were then combined as necessary prior to clean-up and analysis by SP 2330 capillary GC/SIM high resolution mass spectrometry. It is important to note that while the analysis has been validated and is quantitative for 2,3,7,8 TCDD, 2,3,7,8 TCDF, OCDD and OCDF, certain non-2,3,7,8

substituted TCDD (and presumably PCDF) isomers have been found to be removed in the clean-up process. EXPERIMENTAL

#### Samples for analysis

#### PCDFs

Floor 16, analyzed in our preliminary study of PCDFs in air, was sampled as a repeat analysis. Duplicate samples were taken on the 14th and 17th floor for which previously obtained full-scanning HRMS PCDF in soot (dust) data is available. For 17th floor samples, the glass fiber particulate filter ( $\langle .3\mu \rangle$ ) was analyzed separately from the silica gel gaseous adsorbent cartridge. To obtain greater sensitivity, particularly for the higher chlorinated PCDFs, a combined sample from the 11th floor was analyzed. Duplicate 10 pg/m<sup>2</sup> 2,3,7.8 TCDF-fortified background air samples (NSA 6S, DOH 1) along with a background air sample (DOH 2) and a solvent blank were also analyzed as part of normal quality control procedures.

#### TCDDs

To obtain adequate sensitivity, four 50 m<sup>3</sup> samples were extracted, combined and analyzed (in duplicate) for TCDDs, injecting nearly the entire sample in a single injection. A combined solvent blank and a 1 pg/m<sup>3</sup> 2,3,7,8 TCDD-fortified background air sample were also analyzed.

#### Sampling Procedures

Generally, each BSOB sample taken on a given date was identified by a number specifying the floor, a letter specifying the corner of the building, another number indicating replicates and finally a letter P for particulate or G for gaseous, e.g. 17C2G.

In addition to the internal standards used in our earlier study (60 pg <sup>13</sup>C 2,3,7,8 TCDD, 5000 pg <sup>37</sup>C1 OCDD and 1200 pg <sup>37</sup>C1 2,3,7,8 TCDF), 24000 pg of <sup>37</sup>C1 penta-CDF (3 unspiked

isomers) in benzene was deposited directly onto the silica gel (activated at 140<sup>°</sup>C) trapping adsorbent prior to sampling. The 2 stage sampling apparatus, assembly, transport and sampling has been described in the March 16, 1983 NYS report.

#### Extraction

(See March 16, 1983 NYS report) 16 hr benzene soxhlet extraction. Internal standards were added to 17C1P and 17C2P prior to extraction. Native 2,3,7,8 TCDD and 2,3,7,8 TCDF were added to fortified samples prior to extraction.

#### Sample Clean-up

(See March 16, 1983 NYS report) The microprocessor controlled clean-up was a sequence of basic alumina, PX-21 carbon, and neutral alumina followed by a single concentration to 5-10  $\mu$ L for GC/MS injection.

#### Capillary GC/HRMS

In summary: 2  $\mu$ L of sample extract was injected onto a 0.3 mm x 60 m SP 2330 GC capillary interfaced directly into MS-50 via a fused silica SP 2330 butt-joint transfer line. The GC program was 70° for 3 min, 60°/min to 190°, 2.5°C/min to 240° hold. Kratos MS-50 mass spectrometer was used in the EI mode (70 ev), approx. 10,000 resolution (10% valley), source 250°C, DS-55 data system, with multiple peak monitoring mode as follows:

For PCDFs (m/e)

1st Injection: 304, 306 - M, M+2 of Tetra CDF 312 - TCDF internal std 340 - M+2 of penta CDF

2nd Injection: 338, 340 - M, M+2 of penta CDF (optional) 348 - penta CDF internal std 374 - hera CDF

#### For TCDDs

1st Injection: 320, 322 - M, M+2 of TCDD

334 - TCDD internal std.

#### <u>Calculations</u>

(See March 16, 1983 NYS report for details) Internal standard method of calculation  $C_1 = X C_2 A_1/A_2$ .

- TCDDs: individual scans at m/e 322 are summed across a single peak (for 2,3,7,8 TCDD) or a range of observed peaks (for total TCDDs). The area under the resulting mass profile is then ratioed to that of the <sup>13</sup>C 2,3,7,8 TCDD internal standard at m/e 334.
- TCDFs: individual scans at m/e 306 are summed across a single peak(for 2,3,7,8 TCDF) or a range of observed peaks (for total TCDFs). The area under the resulting mass profile is then ratioed to that of the <sup>97</sup>Cl 2,3,7,8 TCDF internal standard at m/e 312.
- penta-CDFs: individual scans at m/e 340 are summed across a range of observed peaks for total penta CDFs. The area under the resulting mass profile is then ratioed to that of the <sup>37</sup>Cl 2,3,7,8 TCDF internal standard. A response factor of 1 is assumed. The <sup>37</sup>Cl penta CDF internal standards were monitored in a 2nd injection of several samples and not used for quantitation.

hexa-CDFS: individual scans at m/e 374 are summed a range of observed peaks for total hexa CDF. The area under the resulting mass profile is then ratioed to that of the <sup>37</sup>Cl 2,3,7,8 TCDF internal standard. A response factor of 1 is assumed.

#### **RESULTS AND DISCUSSION**

In general, air samples taken from the 11, 14, 16 and 17th floors of the Binghamton State Office Building were found to contain complex mixtures of tetra-, penta and possibly hexa CDF isomers as shown by the high resolution (HR) single ion chromatograms in figure 1 for floor 11. Tetra-CDFs were predominant on all floors, having concentrations of from 76 to 185 pg/m<sup>3</sup> total TCDF as given in Table Figures 5-12 are HR single ion chromatograms showing the presence 1. of a mixture of TCDF isomers in all samples (except particulate) from floors 11, 14, 16 and 17. Figures 13 and 14 show a 2378-TCDF-fortified sample and solvent blank. A more complete set of data including HR mass profiles is shown in figs. 17-26 for samples 11C (combined) and 16C1. When intepreting these chromatograms it is important to note that isomer patterns may be distorted as all isomers are not recovered through the sample clean up. The 2,3,7,8 isomer was found in all samples at concentrations of from 0.8 to 23 pg/m<sup>3</sup>. For floor 17, the glass fiber particulate filter (17C1P, 17C2P) was analyzed separately from the silica gel adsorbent cartridge (17CIG, 17C2G). The entire mixture of TCDFs was found on the adsorbent and little or none in the particulate section (>.3  $\mu$ ) of the sample trap (figs. 8-10, 15-16).

Penta CDFs, which were more abundant than tetra CDF in the original soot, were found in all non-particulate air samples however at lower concentrations of from 6.6 to 24.4  $pg/m^3$  (Table 2). A possible explanation for this is the lower volatility of penta compared to tetra CDFs. High resolution single ion chromatograms and mass profile data for penta CDFs in samples 11B3 + 11B4 + 11C1, 17C1G, 17C1P, and a solvent blank are shown in figures 27-30. A typical 2nd injection of a sample to acquire data on hexa (and penta) CDFs is shown for sample 11B3 + 11B4 + 11C1 in figures 31-34. No hexa CDF could be confirmed at a detection limit of approximately 5  $pg/m^3$ .

To obtain adequate sensitivity for TCDDs, four 50 m<sup>3</sup> BSOB air samples were extracted and combined to form a single sample prior to clean up and analysis. The SP2330 capillary GC/HRMS results for a combined 11th floor air sample (analyzed in duplicate), a solvent blank, and a background air sample fortified to 0.82 pg/m<sup>3</sup> with native 2,3,7,8 TCDD are given in Table 3. Because only a small amount of sample 11C6 + 11C7 + 11C8 + 11C10 was injected, the signal/noise for that sample was weak (a wide peak was also observed, hence asignificant concentration). The HR single ion chromatograms and mass profiles for a combined BSOB air sample 11C1 + 11C2 + 11C4 + 11C5 (figs. 35-37) showed 226 pg 2,3,7,8 TCDD equivalent to 0.94 pg/m<sup>3</sup> air (also possible traces of other TCDDs). A quality control (120 m<sup>3</sup> Albany air) sample fortified with 98 pg native 2,3,7,8 TCDD to  $0.82 \text{ pg/m}^3$  air was analyzed and found to have a concentration of 1.3 pg/m<sup>3</sup>. A solvent blank was similarly analyzed and found to contain an rather high 47 pg 2,3,7,8 TCDD equivalent to 0.39 pg/m<sup>3</sup> air.

CONCLUSIONS

Analysis of air samples for a complex mixture of PCDDs and PCDFs at concentrations in the parts per quadrillion range had never been attempted prior to these studies. Although considerable progress has been made in the development and application of the necessary analytical techniques, several problems remain unresolved. The concentration of 2,3,7,8-TCDD in the air of the BSOB could not be accurately determined in this group of samples due to the presence of very low concentrations of interfering compounds in the blank. It is clear, however, that the concentration of 2,3,7,8-TCDD is below 1.5 pg/m<sup>3</sup>, consistent with an earlier report from the laboratory. A second problem relates to the lack of labelled quantitative PCDF standards (for congeners other than 2,3,7,8-TCDF). Quantitative analysis of a congener without an internal standard is difficult, since recoveries are not accurately known. In the present instance, when even unlabelled standards of the range of compounds sought are unavailable, and certain congeners are demonstrably poorly recovered, the difficulty is even more acute. Thus, calculations of ''total TCDF'' and ''total PCDF'' may underestimate actual concentrations of these mixtures. Attempts will be made to further address these problems in future analyses.

Nevertheless, these data permit some important conclusions regarding the PCDD/PCDF concentrations in the BSOB. The concentration of 2,3,7,8-TCDF measured in six locations varied from 9.9 to 23  $pg/m^3$ . The ratio of tetra CDF to penta and hexa CDF is clearly higher in these air samples than

in the soot samples analyzed earlier. Coupled with the observations that the bulk of both 2,3,7,8-TCDF and "total TCDF" was found in the silica gel cartridge rather than in the particulate material, this result suggests that these compounds are predominantly in the gas phase. Finally, these experiments confirm that 2,3,7,8-TCDD is present at concentrations well below those of 2,3,7,8-TCDF in these air samples.

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Table 1. TETRA-CDFs

Flocy/sampleD	Volume m <sup>3</sup> _	Concentration of 2378 TCDF (pg/m <sup>3</sup> )	Detection limit (pg/m <sup>3</sup> )	Ion <sup>(2)</sup> ratio(%) 304/306	Relative retention time	37 <sub>C1</sub> TCDF recovery (%)_	Total TCDF (pg/m <sup>3</sup> )	Detection limit (pc/m <sup>3</sup> )	Ion ratio (%) 304/306	Ratio 2378/total (%)
					·	97	<u>92</u>	0.B	83	12
14 C1	61.5	11	0.4	78	1.0					
14 A3	63.0	14	0.3	73	1.0	157	185	0.3	72	8
16 C1	62.4	16	0.4	74	1.0	88	118	2.7	77	14
17 C1G	62.1	12	1.7	84	1.0	26	79	5	89	15
17 CLP	62.1	0.8	0.7	70	1.0	78	3.9	2.7	89	21
17 C2G	59.8	9	0.3	78	1.0	71	59	· 4	73	15
17 C2P	59.8	0.9	0.4	126	1.0	74	ND	5	92	
11 B3 + 11 B4 + 11 C1	184,5	16	0.5	84	1.0	41	133	3.7	78	12
11 C1 + 11 C2 + 11 C4 + 11 C5	240.8	23	0.3	80	1.0	42	76	4	73	30
Solvent blank	0	ND	0.2	—	—	110	ND	1.9		
DOH2 background air	49.1	1.9.	0.6	68	1.0	74	9.5	2.5	110	20
NSA 6S 10.0 pg/m <sup>3</sup> 2378 TCDF Fortified back- ground air	41.8	9.9	0.4	79	1.0	120	10.2	?.1		97
DCH1 8.1 pg/m <sup>3</sup> 2378 TCDF Fortified back- ground air	51.6	10.0	1.2	80	1.0	75	16.8	2.0	90	60

ground air

(1) e.g. 14A3 is 14th floor, N EqsT building corner, 3rd sample taken on that date.

② Theoretical ion ratio = 78%.

3 Recovery variation (vs. external standard) is probably due to the volume measurement and manipulation of small (5-10 μL) volumes prior to injection.

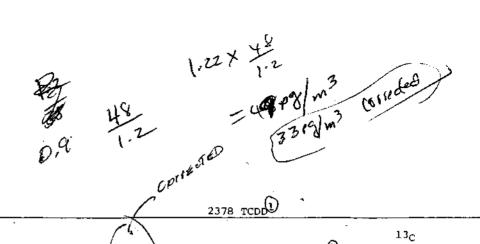
#### Table 2 PENTA CDFs

Floor/Sample	Total Penta-CDF <u>(pg/m<sup>3</sup>)</u>	Detection Limit (pg/m <sup>3</sup> )	Ion ratio(%) <u>338/340</u>
1401	20.6	2.4	
14A3	12.7	1.6	
1601	21.2	1.2	
17C1G	24.4	7.4	
17C1P	ND	2.0	
17C2	6.6	1.3	0.78
17C2P	2.9	2.1	0.23
11B3 + 11B4 +11C1	19.2	1.5	0.62
11C1 + 11C2 +11C4 + 11C5	16.4	2.3	
Solvent blank	ND	1.3	
DOH2 background	ND	2.0	

(1) Recovery of three <sup>37</sup>Cl Penta CDF internal standard isomers was calculated to be 80%, 91% and <10% for sample 17C2G (other samples were similar).

(2) Multiple ions were checked on a 2nd injection for several samples.

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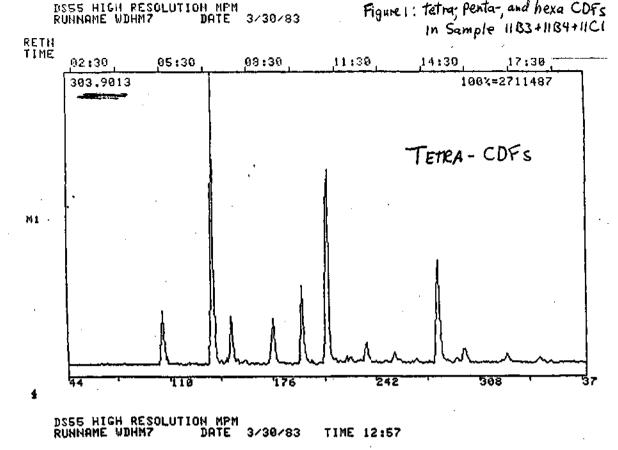


#### Table 3

Floor/sample	Air volume (m <sup>3</sup> )	m/e 322 area (counts)	pg found	pg/m <sup>3</sup>	Detection limit (pg)	Ratio 320/322	13 <sub>C</sub> TCDD recovery (१)	GC relative retaction time
1101 + 1102 + 1104 + 1105	241	1040165	226	0.94	.54 12	0.66	90	1.00
11C6 + 11C7 + 11C8 + 11C10	241	529026	372	1.5	29	0.84	58	1.00
Solvent blank 2 + 3	0 (120 for calcs.)	296261	47	0.39	17	0.60	112	1.00
DOH 3 + 4 background air fortified with 98 <u>rg</u> native TCDD (=0.82 pg/ m <sup>3</sup> )	120	706423	150	1.3	13	0,89	78	1.00

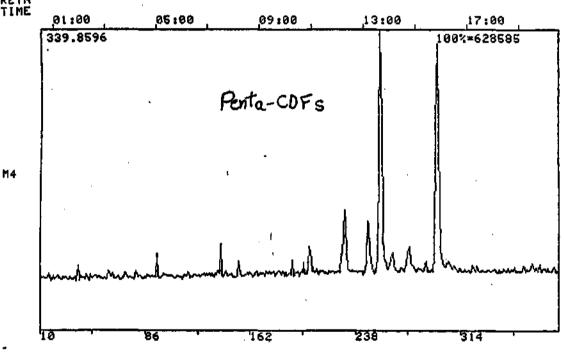
(1) Both BSOB air samples appeared to contain small amounts of several other TCDD isomers as evidenced by a simultaneous response at other retention times for m/e 319.8964 and 321.8935; however, additional analysis is needed for verification.

 $\binom{2}{2}$  Theoretical Ratio = 0.78

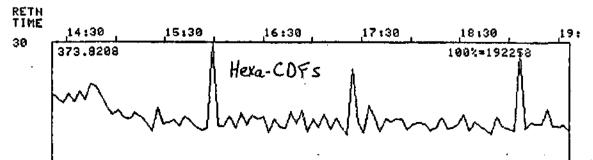


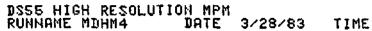


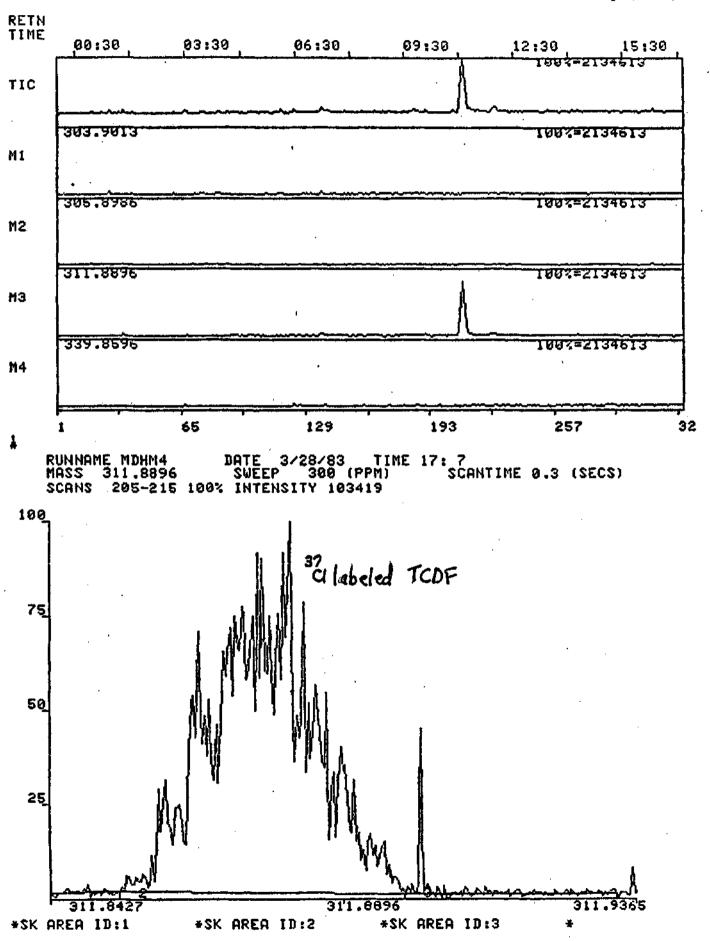
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DS55 HIGH RESOLUTION MPM RUNNAME MDHM7 DATE 4/ 4/83 TIME 12:11







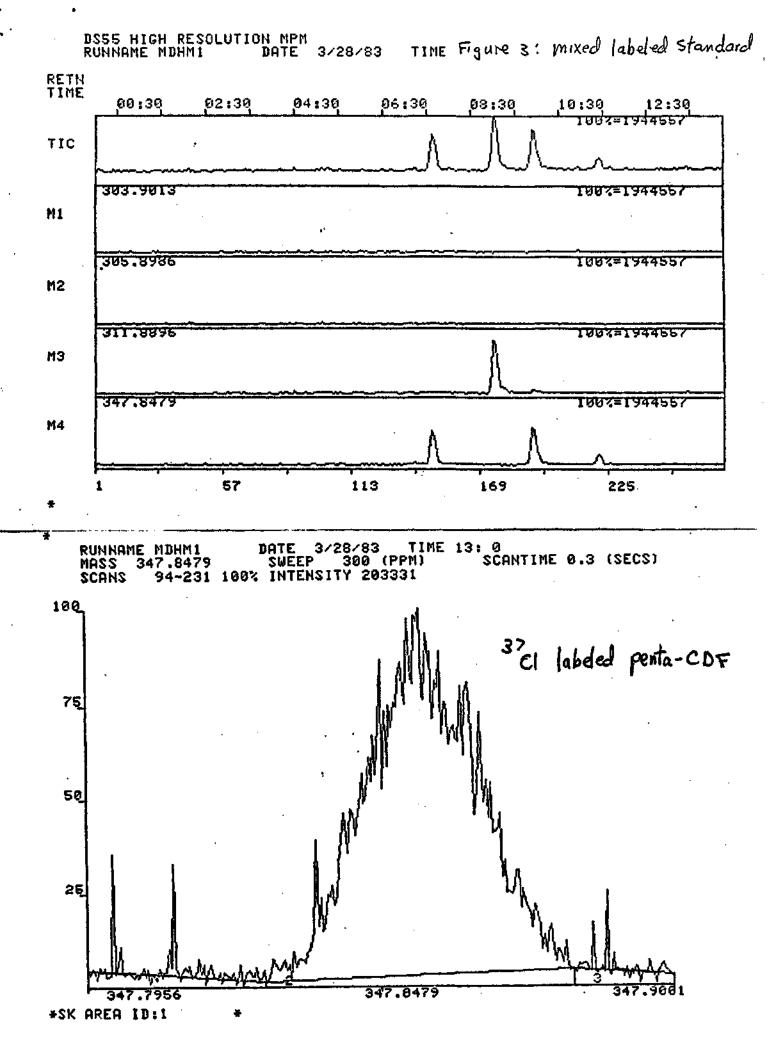
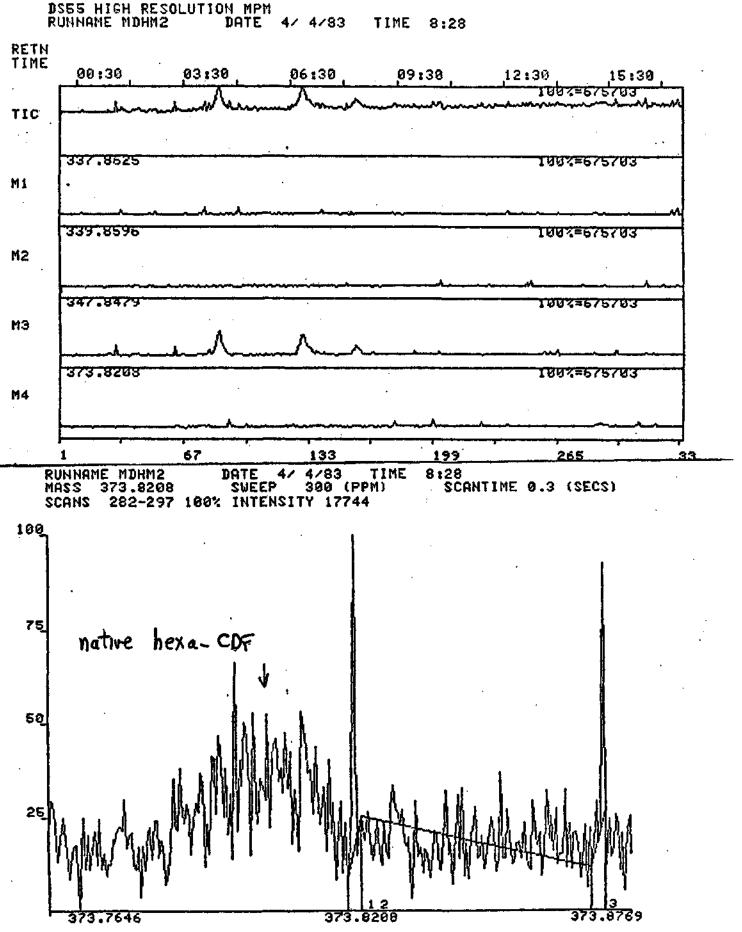
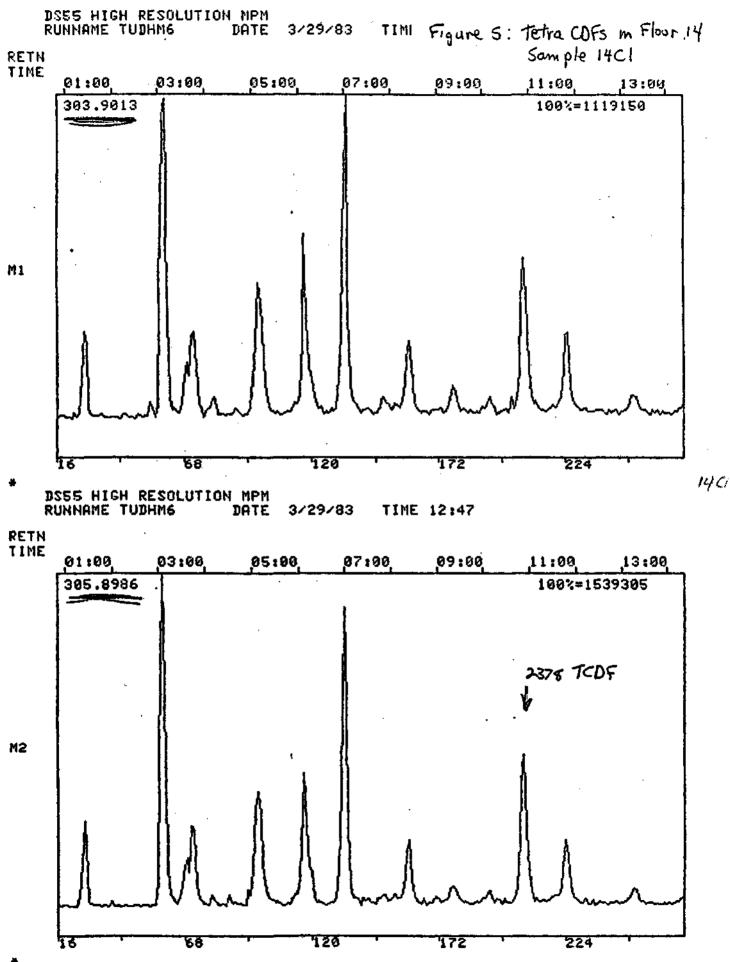


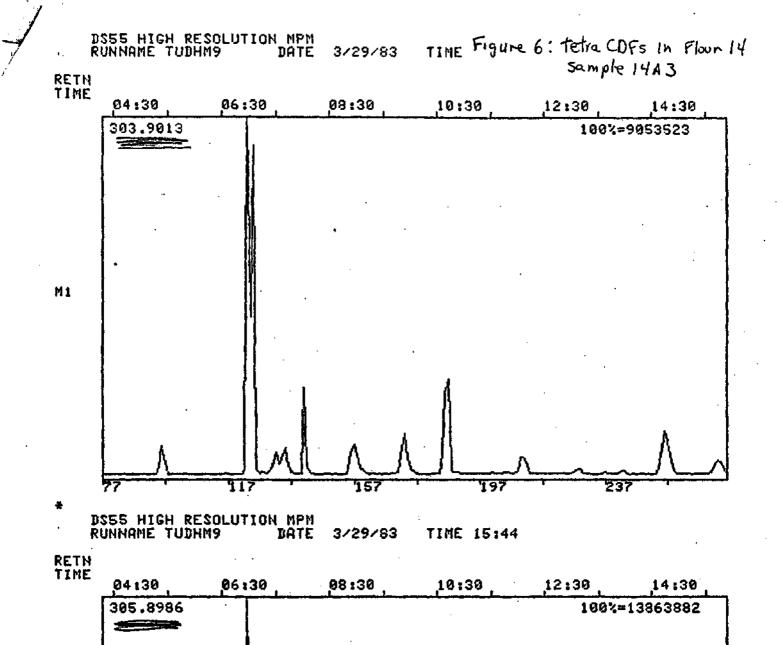
Figure 4: mixed labeled standard + native hexe CDF added



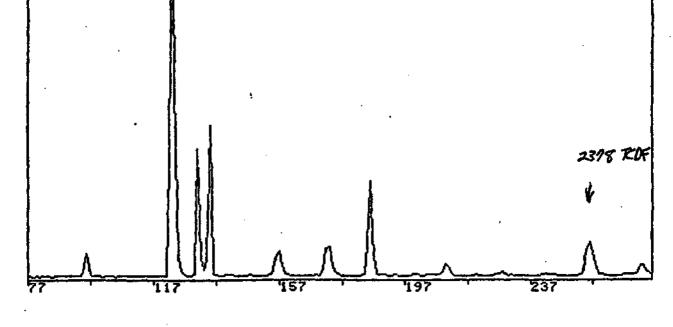
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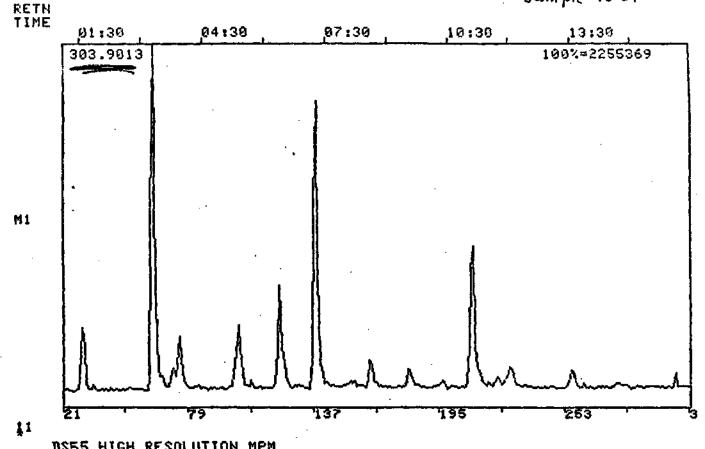


M2



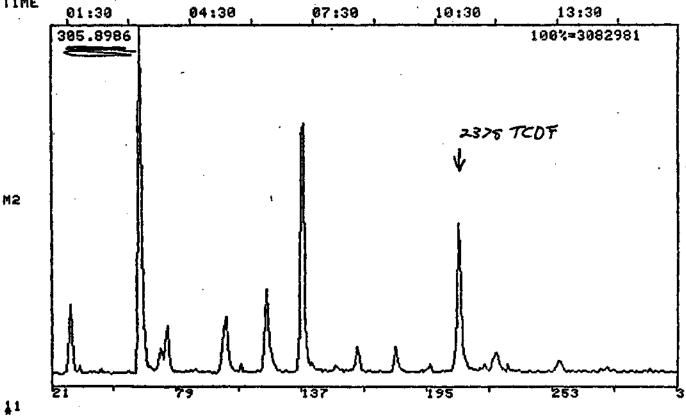


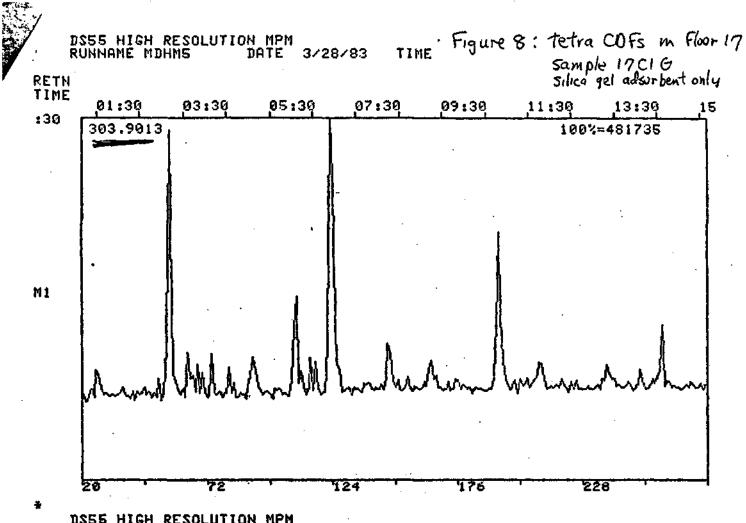
DS55 HIGH RESOLUTION MPM RUNNAME MDHM3 DATE 3/28/83 TIME FIGURE 7: Tetra CDFS & Floor 16 Sample 16Cl



DS55 HIGH RESOLUTION MPM RUNNAME MDHM3 DATE 3/28/83 TIME 16:14

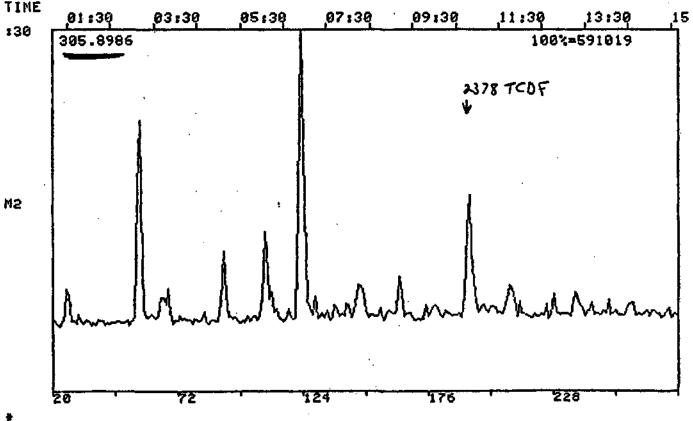
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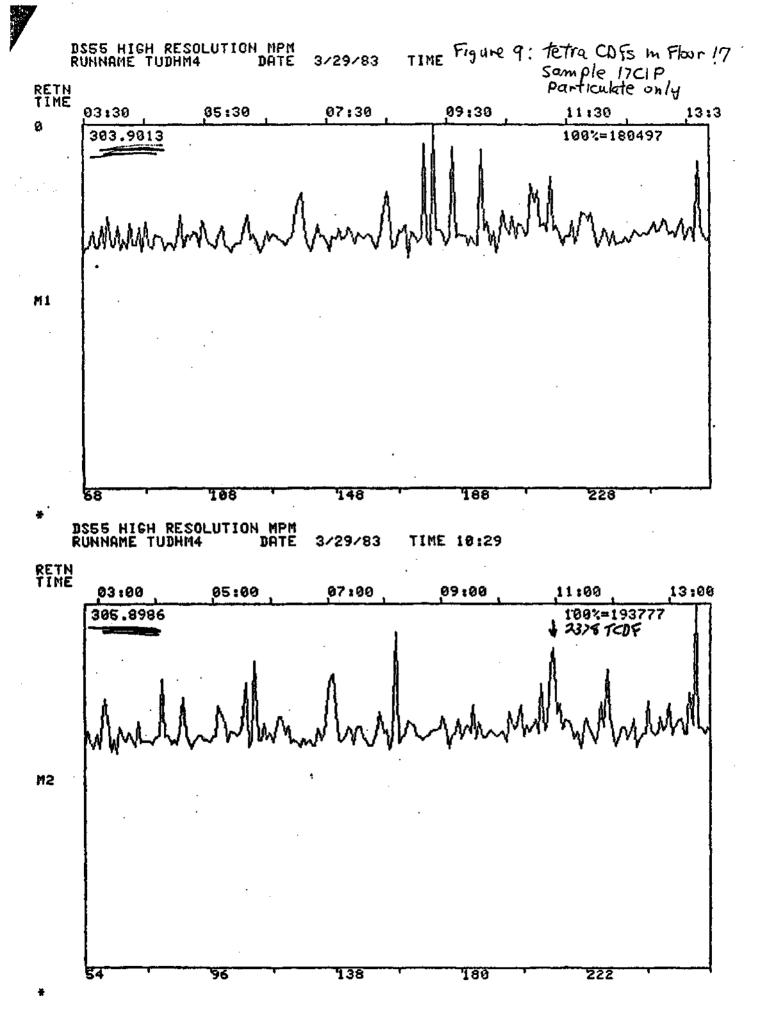


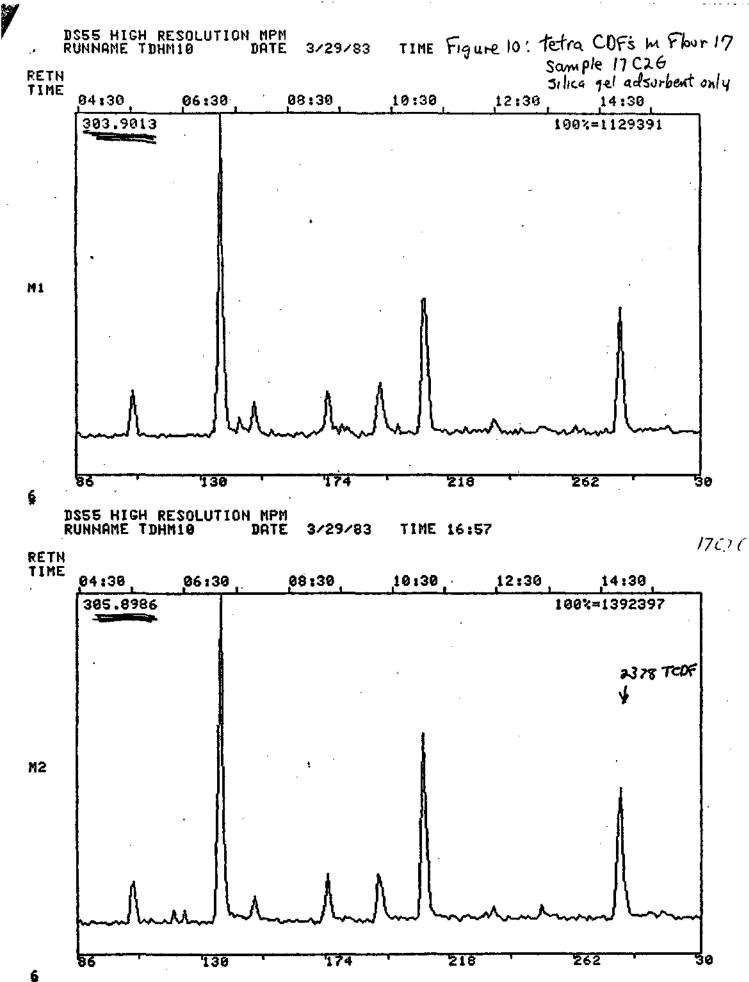


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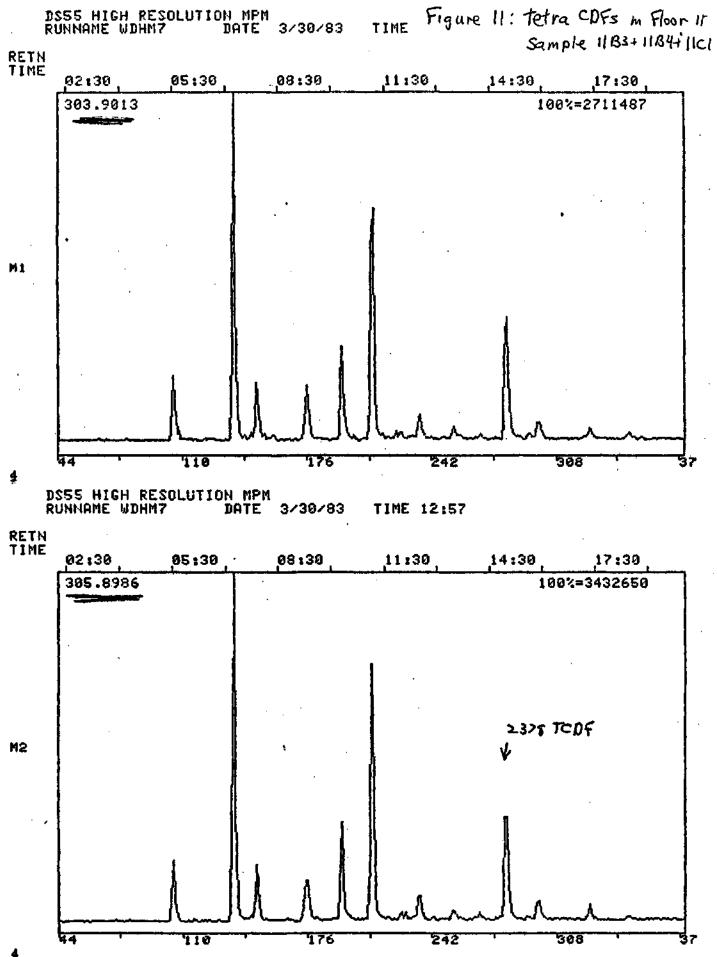
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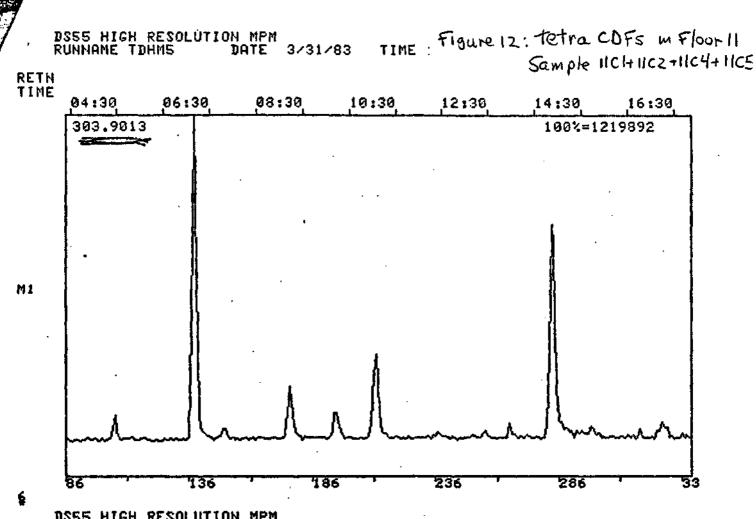




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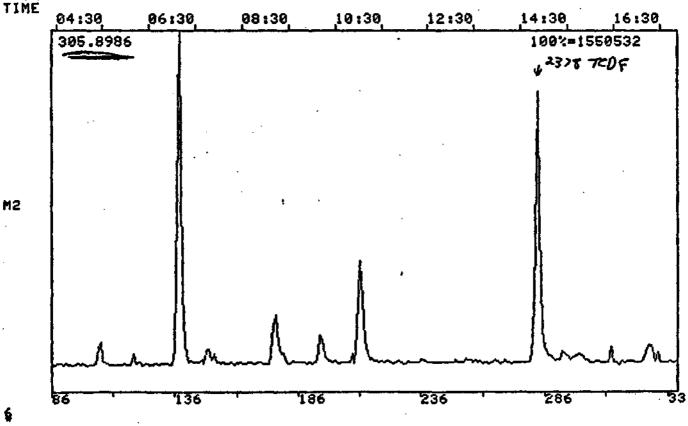


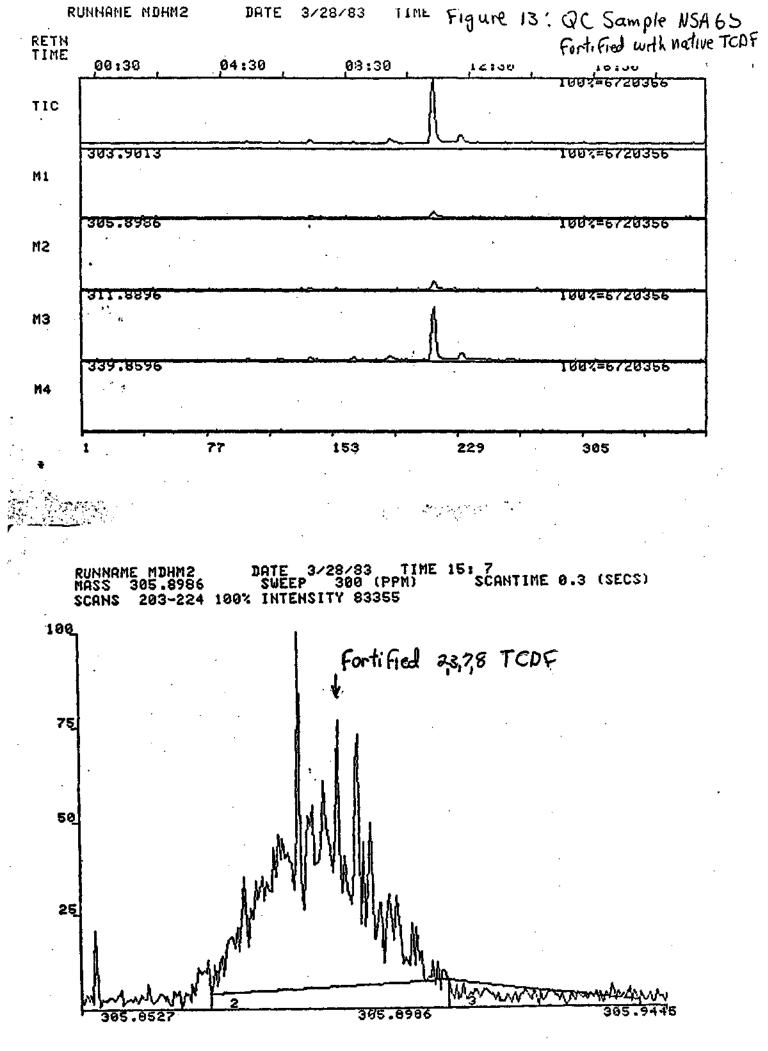
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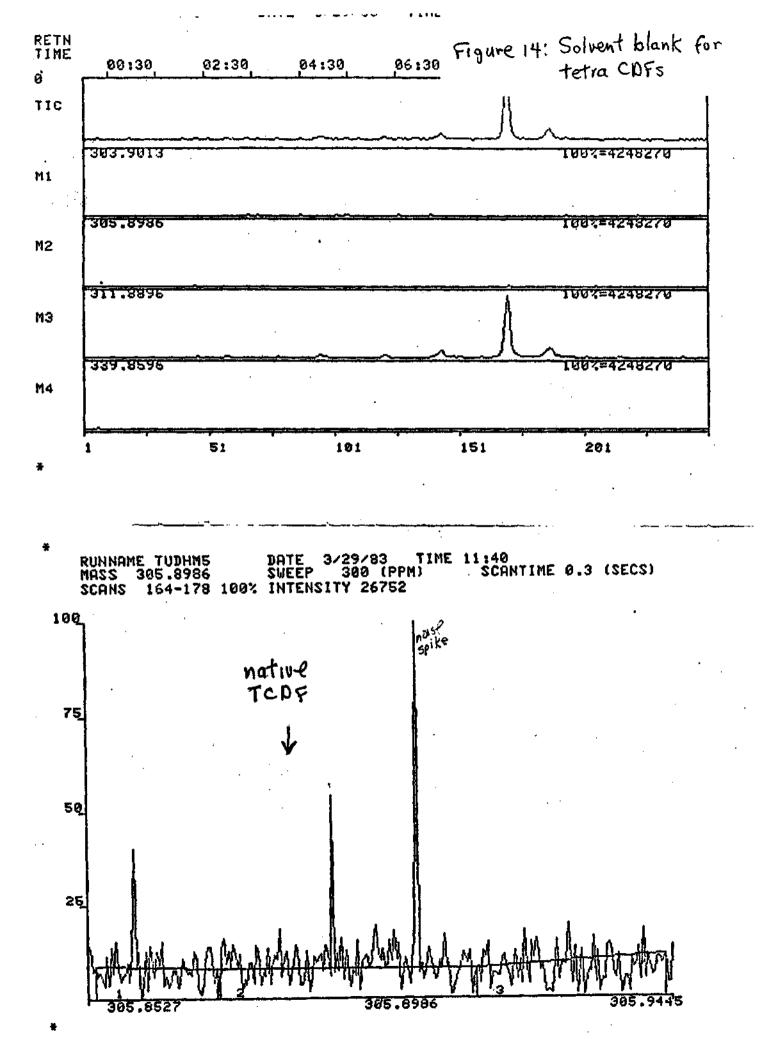


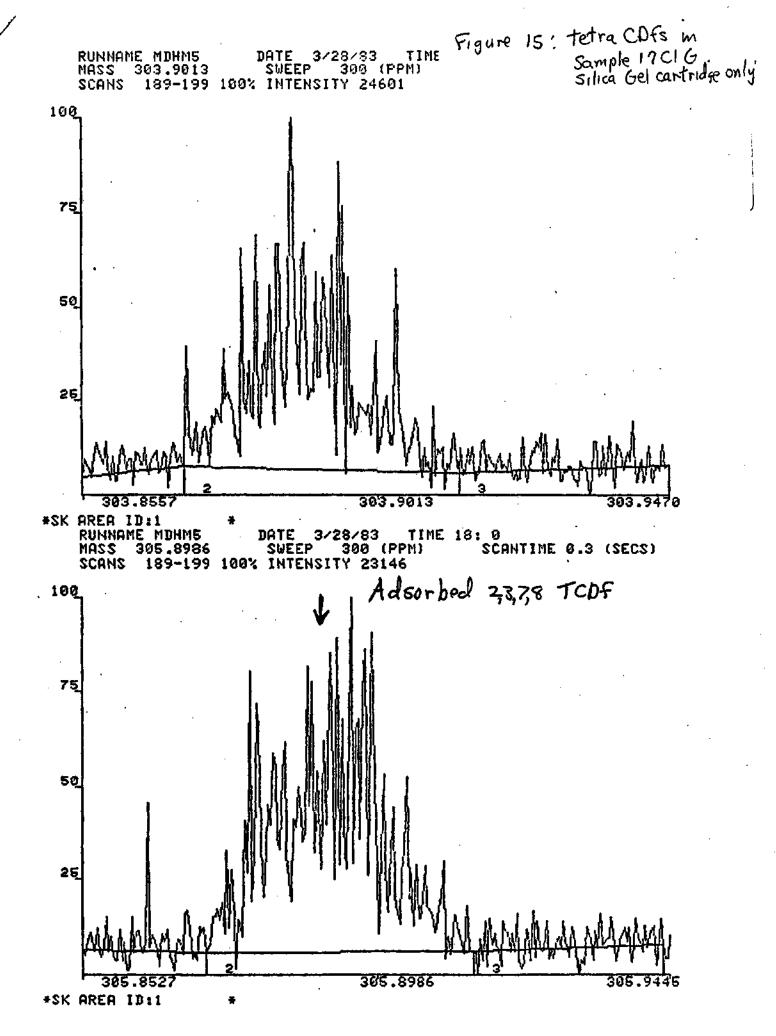
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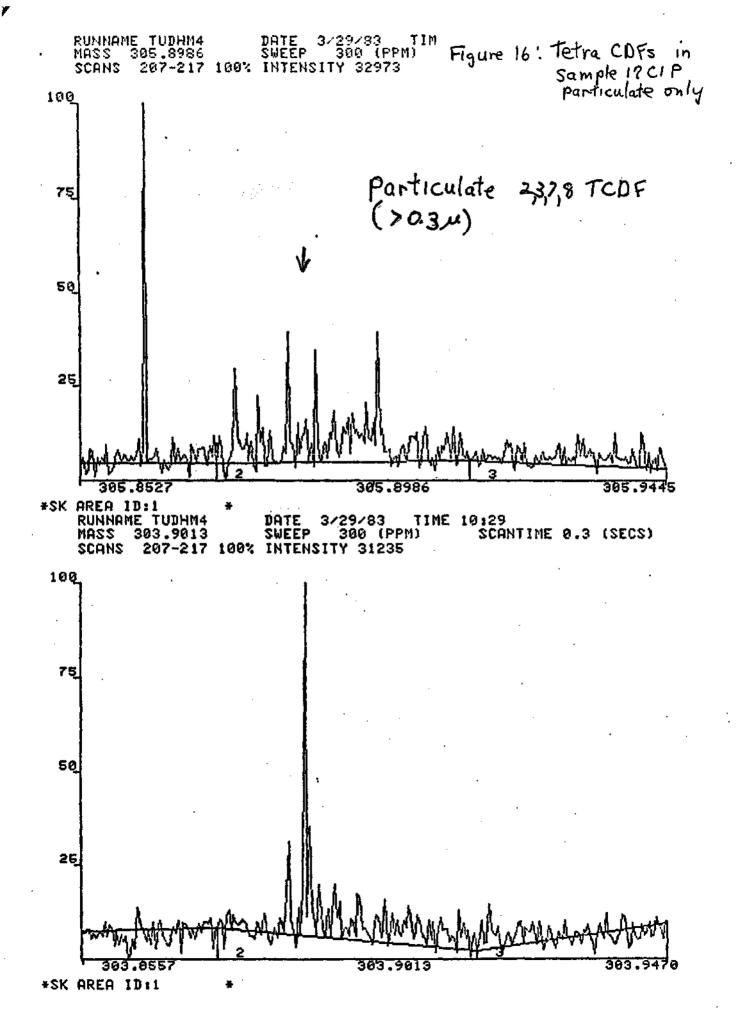
RETN TIME











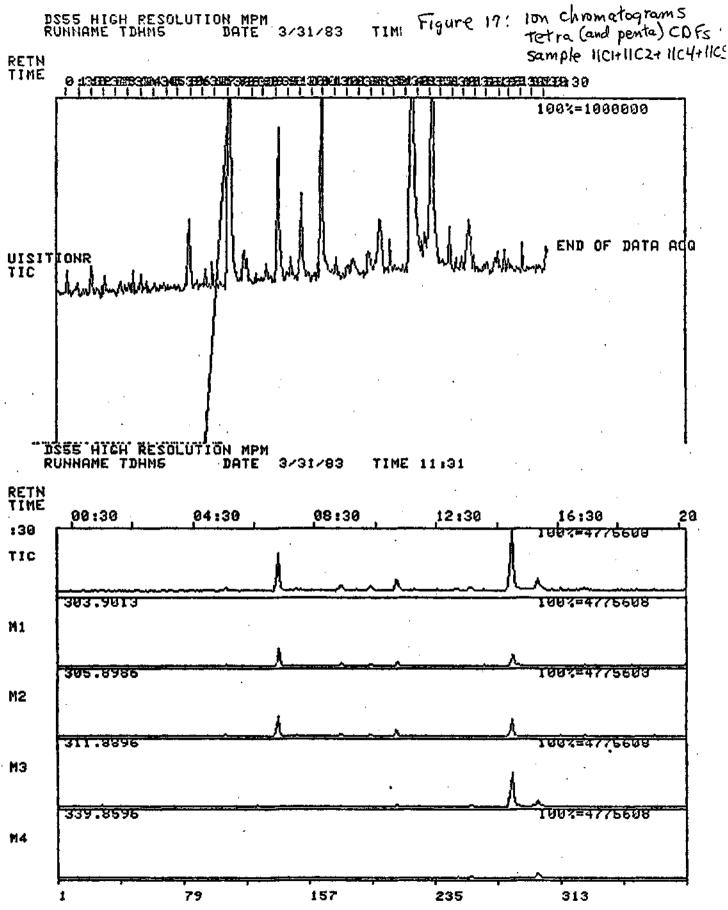


Figure 18: mass profile + area sample 1101 + 1102 + 1104 + 1105

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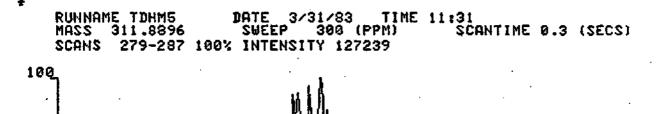
### PEAK SUMMATION R

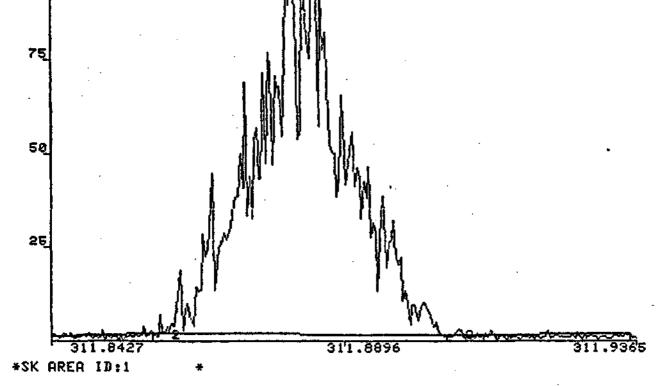
RUNNAME TOHMS DATE 3/31/83 TIME 11:31

MASS	311.6897
Scan Width	300 PPM
SCAN TIME	0.3 SECS
SCAN NUMBERS	279- 287
STANDARD	0.0000
FACTOR	0

1.95 OF 7.6UL SAMPLE #C11(1+2+4+5)

MASS Centroid	ITEM	AREA	BASELINE Subtracted	BASELINE Skimmed	XTOTAL AREA	RELATIVE TO STANDARD
311.8836	TOTAL	5945755. 8642.	YES	NO	88.00	0.00
311.8508 311.8823	ź	5458992.	YES YES	YES YES	0.13 80.79	0.00 0.00
311.9207	3	7957.	YES	YES	0.12	0.00





# DS55 HIGH RESOLUT

PEAK SUMMATION RI

Figure 19: areas Sample 1101+1102+1104+1105

RUNNAME TOHMS DATE 3/31/83 TIME 11:31

MASS	303.9014
SCAN WIDTH	300 PPM
SCAN TIME	0.3 SECS
SCAN NUMBERS	279- 287
STANDARD	0.0000
FACTOR	0

1.95 OF 7.6UL SAMPLE #C11(1+2+4+5)

MASS	ITEM	AREA	BASELINE '	BASELINE	*TOTAL	RELATIVE
CENTROID			SUBTRACTED	SKIMMED	AREA	TO STANDARD
303.8958	TOTAL	2350334.	YES	NO	75.84	0.08
303.8628	1	7640.	YES	YES	0.25	0.00
303.8928	2	2049323.	YES	YES	66.13	0.00
303.9319	3	14135.	YES	YES	0.46	0.00

# DSS5 HIGH RESOLUTION MPM PEAK SUMMATION REPORT

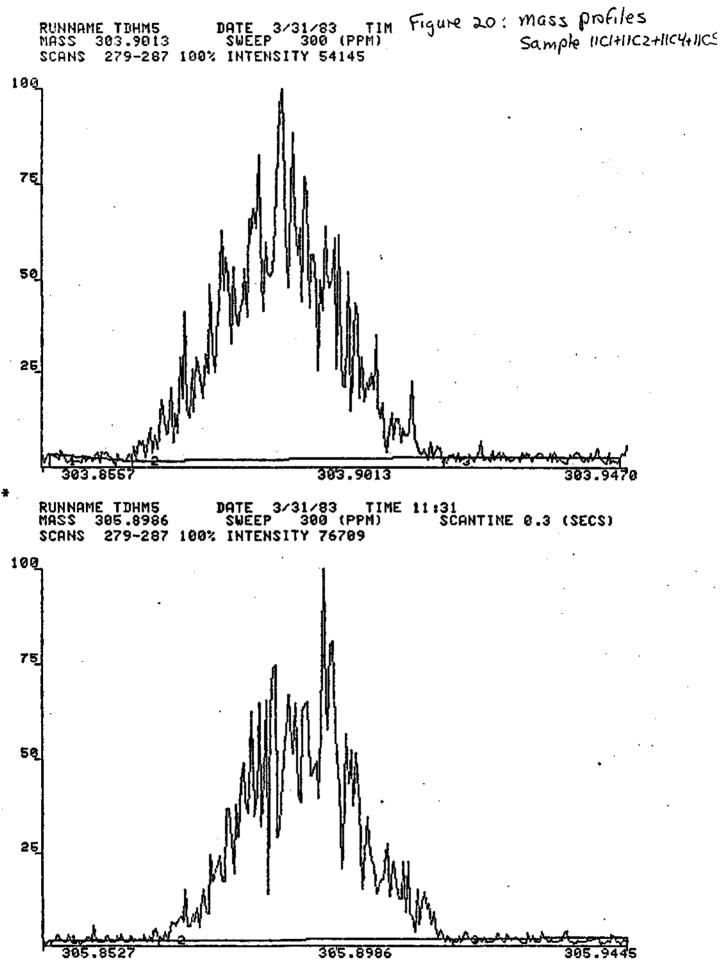
# RUNNAME TOHMS DATE 3/31/83 TIME 11:31

MASS	305.8987
SCAN WIDTH	300 PPM
SCAN TIME	0.3 SECS
SCAN NUMBERS	279- 287
STANDARD	0.0000
FACTOR	0

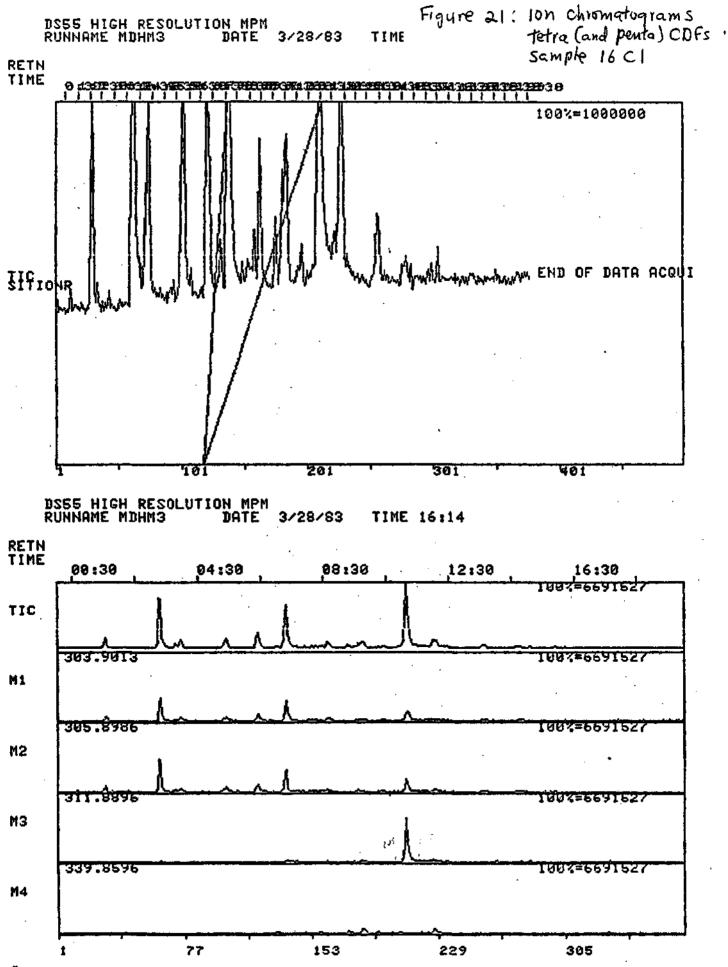
1.95 OF 7.6UL SAMPLE #C11(1+2+4+5)

MASS	ITEM	AREA	BASELINE	BASELINE	*TOTAL	RELATIVE
CENTROID			SUBTRACTED	SKIMMED	AREA	TO STANDARD
305.8953	TOTAL	2896173.	YES	NO	77.49	0.00
305.8621	1	18242.	YES	YES	0.49	0.00
305.8936	2	2549809.	YES	YES	68.15	0.00
305.9304	3	8232.	YEŚ	YES	0.22	0.00

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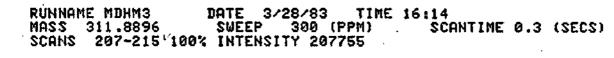
# PEAK SUMMATION & Figure 22: Mass profile tareas Sample 16 Cl

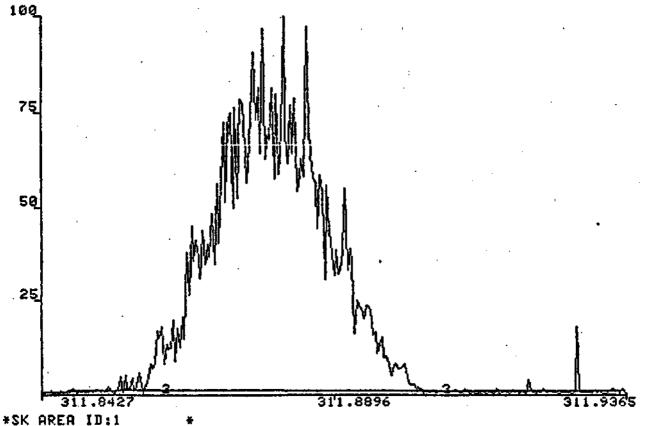
RUNNAME NDHM3 DATE 3/28/83 TIME 16:14

MASS	311.8897
SCAN WIDTH	300 PPM
SCAN TIME	0.3 SECS
SCAN NUMBERS	207- 215
STANDARD	9.0000
FACTOR	0

16C1 2UL OF BUL TOTAL

MASS	ITEM	AREA	BASELINE;	BASELINE	*TOTAL	RELATIVE
CENTROID			SUBTRACTED	SKIMMED	AREA	TO STANDARD
311.8806	TOTAL	9961496.	YES	NO	93.25	0.00
311.8521	1	42788.	YES	YES	0.40	0.00
311.8799	2	9403350.	YES	YES	88.02	0.00
311.9202	3	54098.	YES	YES	0.51	0.00





#### DS55 HIGH RESOLU.

#### PEAK SUMMATION K\_. ....

#### RUNNAME MDHM3 DATE 3/28/83 TIME 16:14

MASS	303.9014
SCAN WIDTH	300 PPM
SCAN TIME	0.3 SECS
SCAN NUMBERS	207-215
STANDARD	0.0000
FACTOR	0

#### 16C1 2UL OF SUL TOTAL

MASS Centroid	ITEM	AREA	BASELINE Subtracted	BASELINE Skimmed	XTOTAL AREA	RELATIVE TO STANDARD
303.8936	TOTAL	2709686.	YES	NO	78.03	0.00
303.8611	1	6255.	YES	YES	0.18	0.00
303.8904	2	2261770.	YES	YES	65.13	0.00
303.9304	3	35166.	YES	YES	1.01	0.00

# DS55 HIGH RESOLUTION MPM

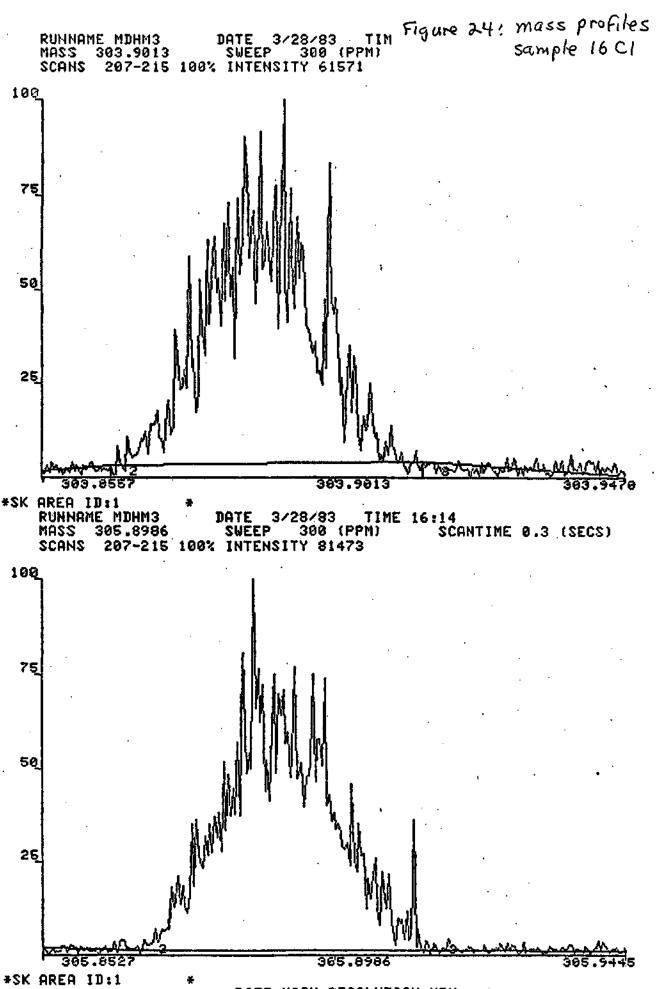
## PEAK SUMMATION REPORT

#### RUNNAME MDHM3 DATE 3/28/83 TIME 16:14

MASS Scan Width	305.8987 300 PPM
SCAN TIME	0.3 SECS
SCAN NUMBERS	207-215
STANDARD	0.0000
FACTOR	0

#### 16C1 2UL OF BUL TOTAL

MASS CENTROID	ITEM	AREA	BASELINE SUBTRACTED	BASELINE SKIMMED	XTOTAL AREA	RELATIVE TO STANDARD
305.8923	TOTAL	3324966.	YES	NO	81.09	0.00
305.8604		13730.	YES	YES	0.33	0.00
305.8901	2	3044845.	YES	YES	74.26	0.00
305.9292	3	44193.	YES	YES	1.08	0.00

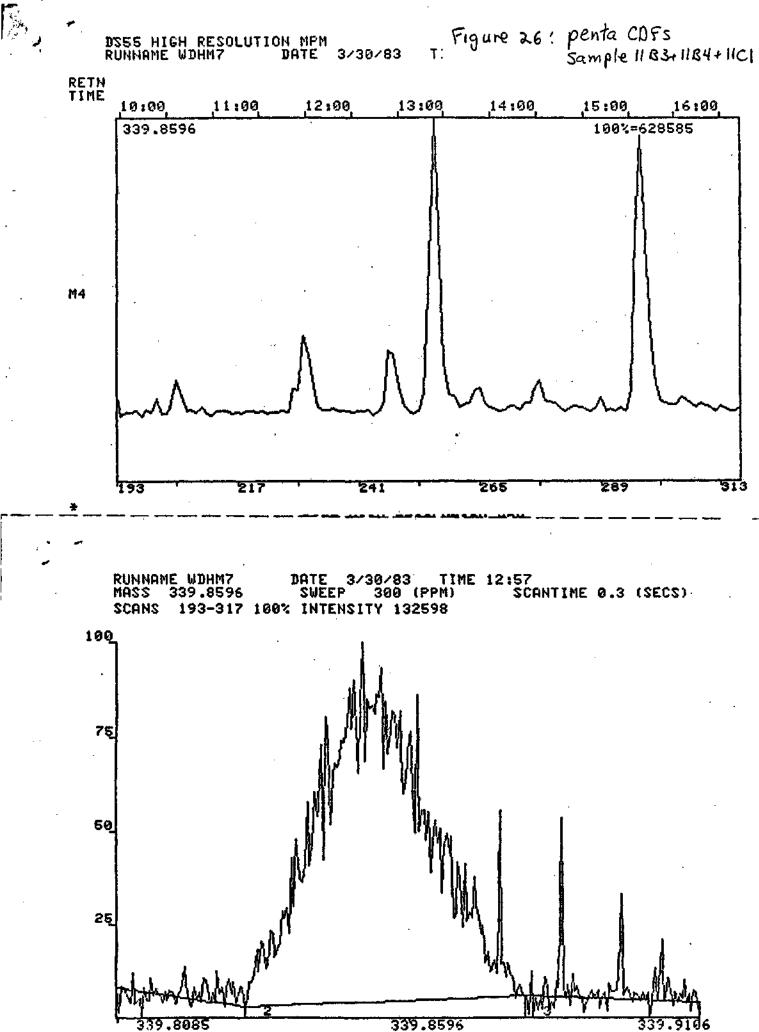


DS55 HIGH RESOLUTION NPM

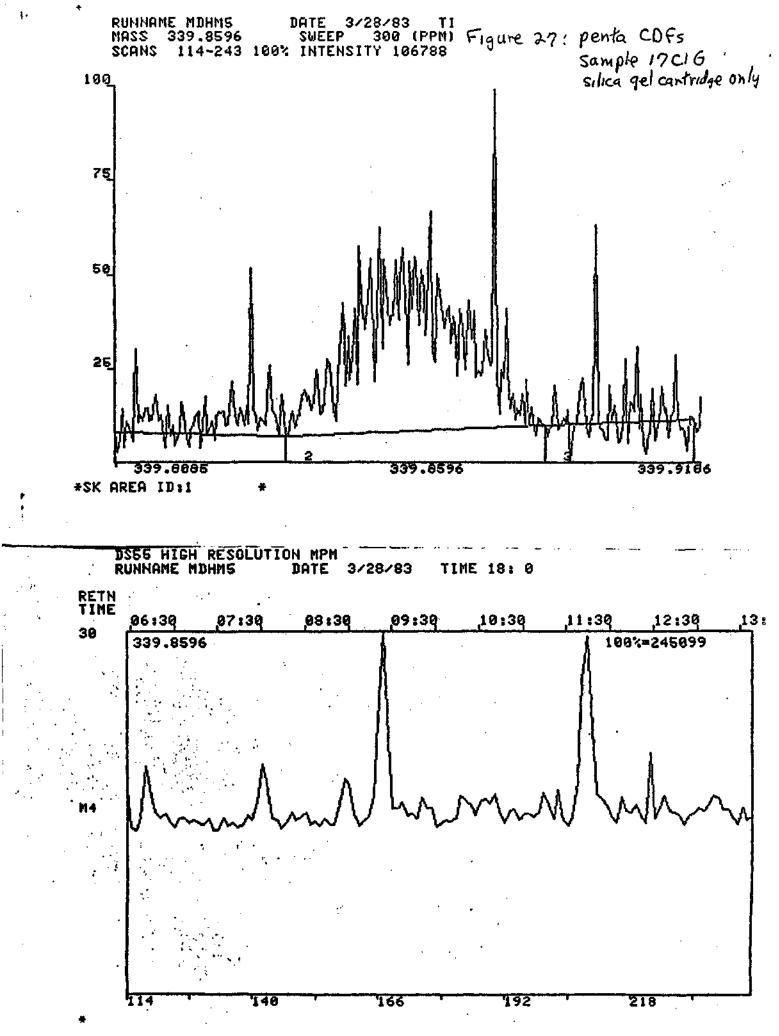
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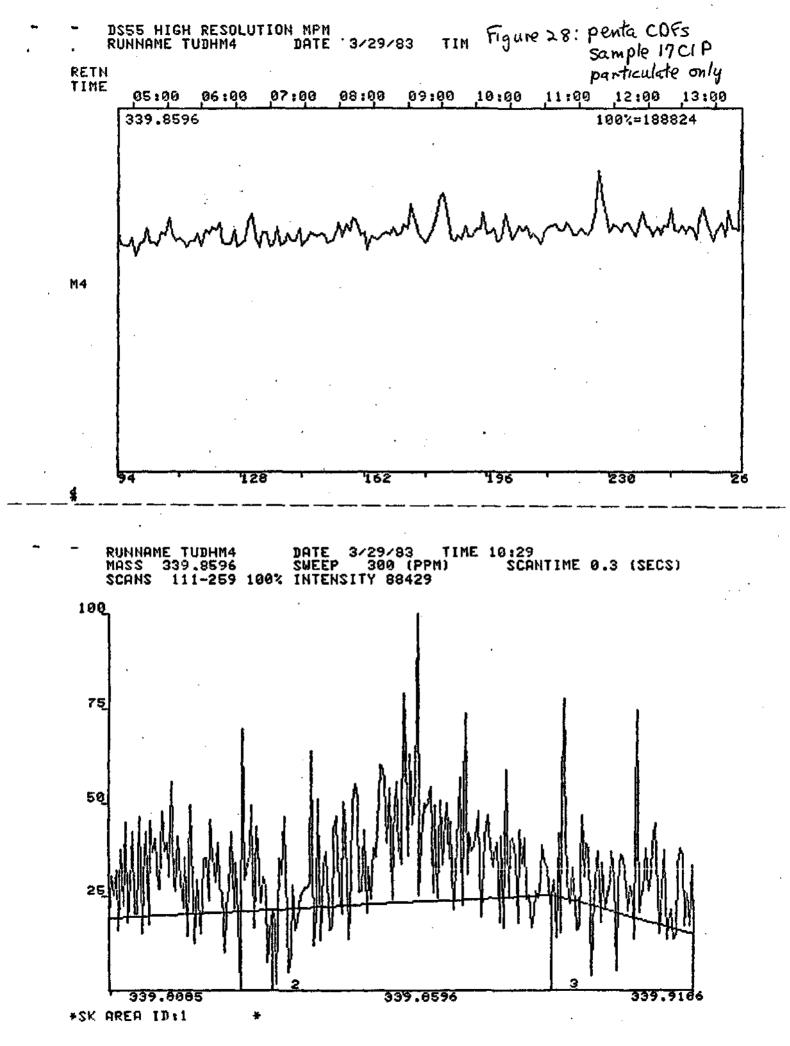
.

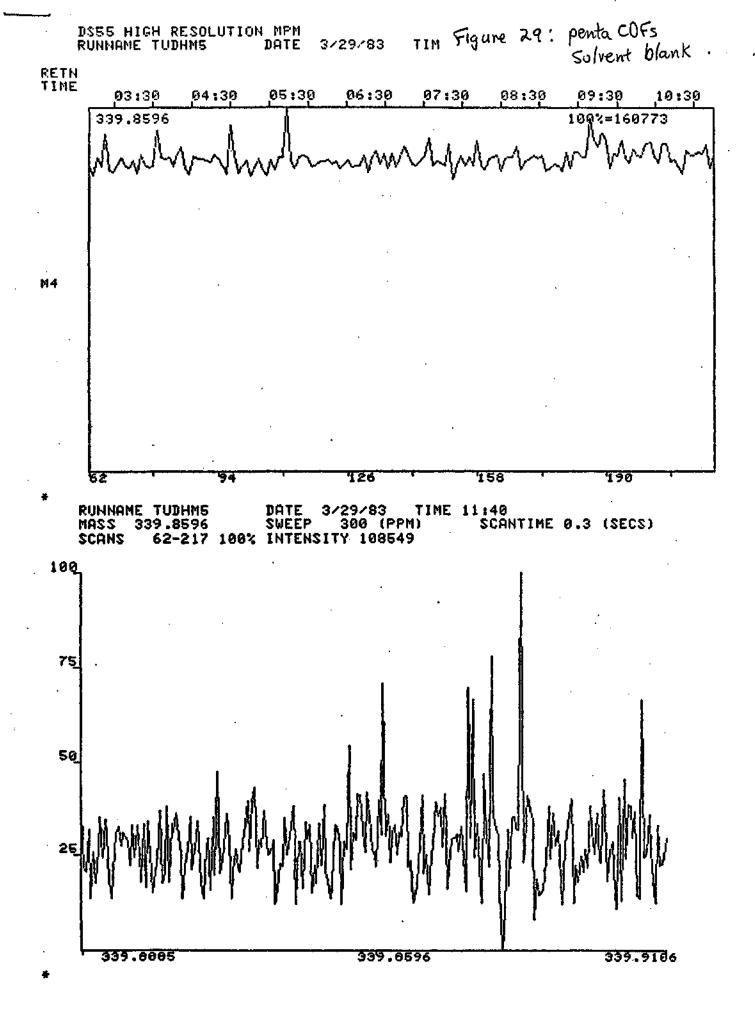
.

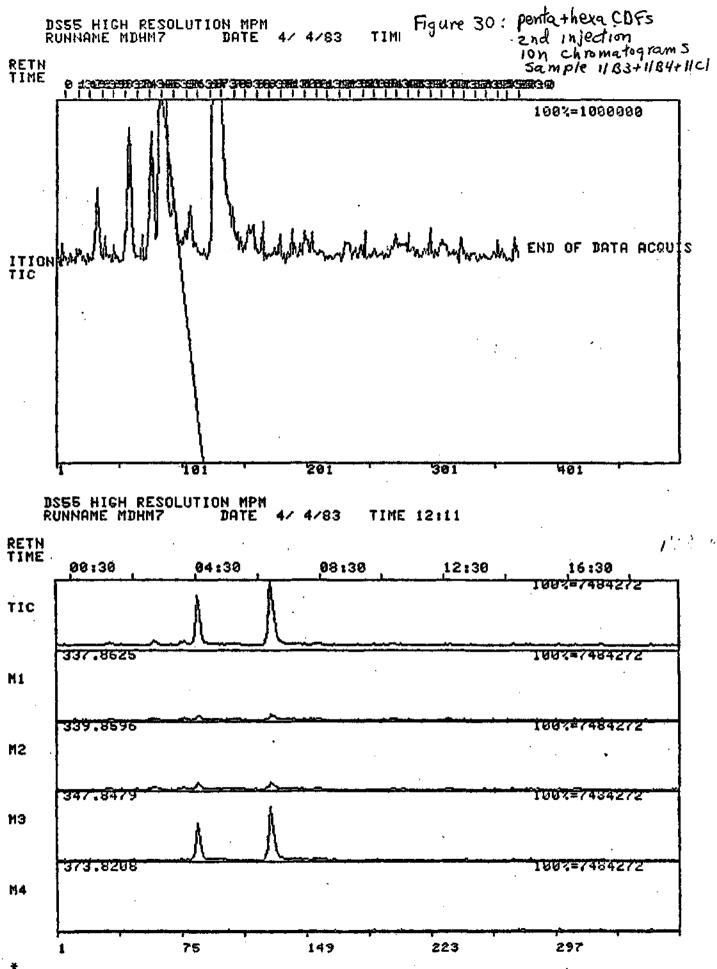


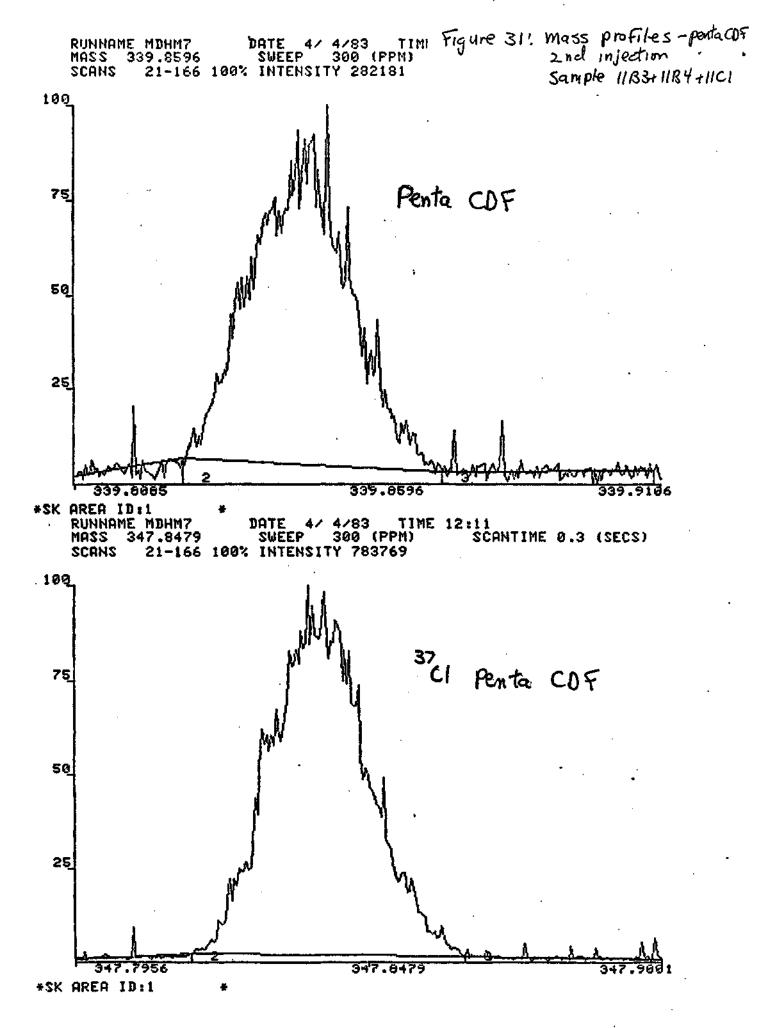
339.8596

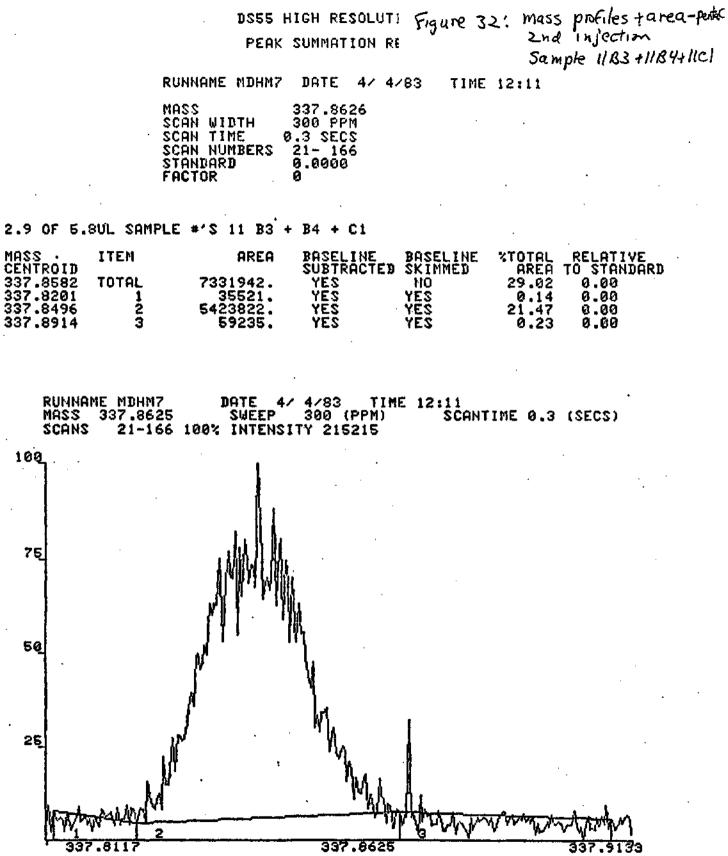












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#### DS55 HIGH RESOLUT

PEAK SUMMATION RL. ....

RUNNAME NDHM7 DATE 4/ 4/83 TIME 12:11

MASS	339.8596
SCAN WIDTH SCAN TIME	300 PPM 0.3 SECS
SCAN NUMBERS	21- 166 0.0000
FACTOR	0.

#### 2.9 OF 5.8UL SAMPLE \*'S 11 B3 + B4 + C1

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MASS Centroid	ITEM	AREA	BASELINE Subtracted	BASELINE Skimmed	XTOTAL AREA	RELATIVE TO STANDARD
339.8555 339.8179	TOTAL	11009550. 61729.	YES	NO YES	37.11 0.21	0.00
339.8489	ź	8781231.	YES	YES	29.60	0.00
339.8909	3	151049.	YES	YES	0.51	0.00

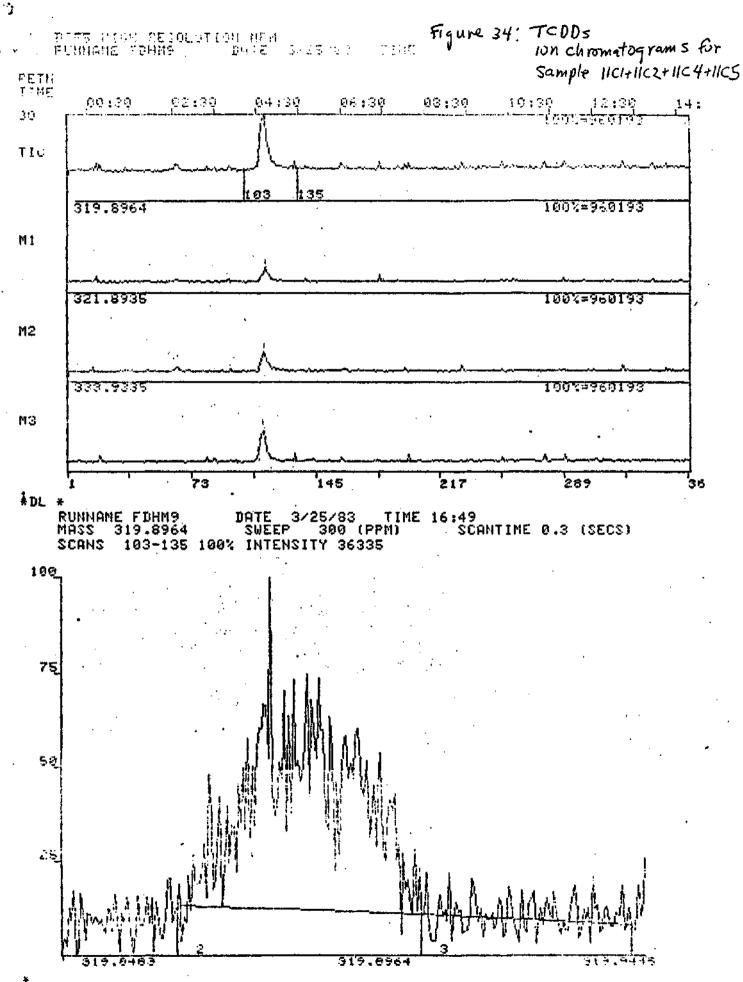
### DS55 HIGH RESOLUTION MPM PEAK SUMMATION REPORT

RUNNAME MDHM7 DATE 4/ 4/83 TIME 12:11

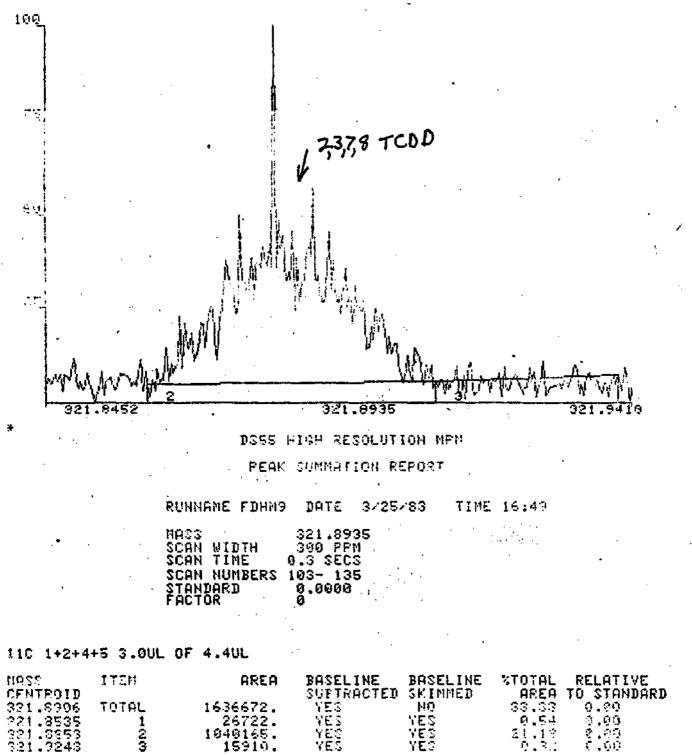
· ·	19 M 1
MASS	347.8479
SCAN WIDTH	300 PPM
SCAN TIME	0.3 SECS
SCAN NUMBERS	21- 166
STANDARD	0.0000
FACTOR	0

#### 2.9 OF 5.8UL SAMPLE #'S 11 B3 + B4 + C1

MASS CENTROID	ITEM	AREA	BASELINE SUBTRACTED	BASELINE Skimmed	XTOTAL AREA	RELATIVE TO STANDARD
347.8428	TOTAL	35692510.	YES .	NO	65.95	0.00
347.8059	1	93650.	YES	YES	0.17	0.00
347.8394	2	32597840.	YES	YES	60.23	0.00
347.8823	3	304061.	YES	YES	0.56	0.00

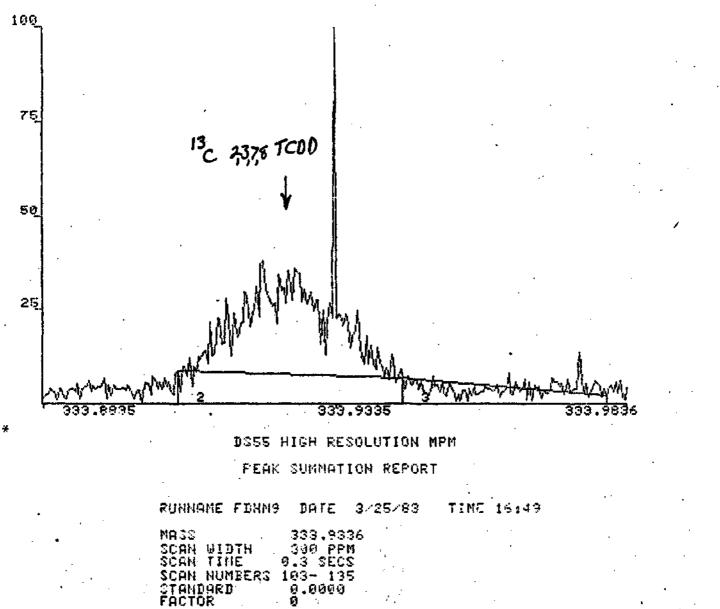


PUMMAME FORMA DATE 3/25/83 TIME Figure 35: Mass profile MASS 321.3935 ONEEP 300 (PPM) Sample 1101+1102+110471105 SCANS 103-135 100% INTENSITY 58332



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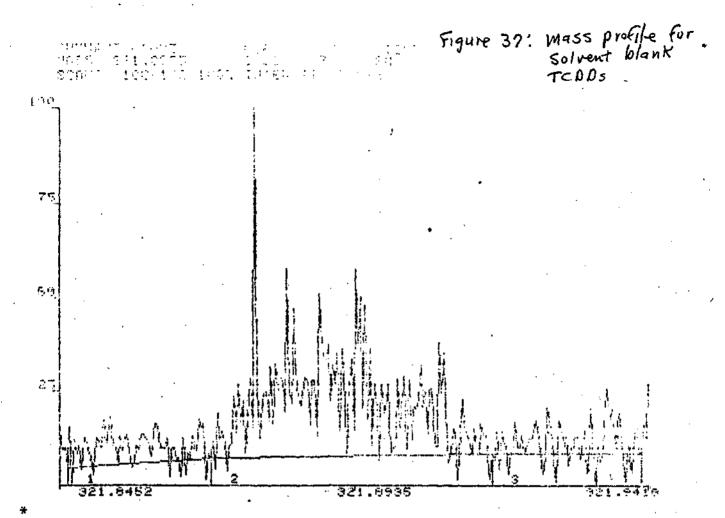
TIME Figure 36: Mass profile Mi Sample 11CI+11C2+11C4+11CS RUBBIAME FORMS DATE 3/25/83 SWEEP 300 (PPM) MASS 333.9335 SCANS 103-135 100% INTENSITY 98053

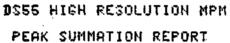


110 1+2+4+5 3.00L OF 4.40L

MASS	ITEM	AREA	PASELINE	BAGELINE	XTOTAL DCCC	RELATIVE	
CENTROID 333.9302	TOTAL	2215955.	SUBTRACTED YES	NO	41.29	TO STANDARD 0.00	
333.8953	1	17444.	YES	YES	0.53	0.00	
230.2260	2	1106685.	YES	YES -	20.62	ରୁ.ଡୁଡୁ	
333.9629	3	53728.	YES	YES	1.09	0.00	

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RUNMAME FDHM5 DATE 3/25/83 TIME 14:28

MACS	321.8905
SCAN WIDTH.	388 FPN
SCAN TIME	0.3 SECS
SCAN NUMBERS	108- 122
STANDARD	0.0000
FACTOR	9

2.1 OF 2.RUL SOLVENT BLANK (2+3)

MASS CENTROID	ITEM .	OREA	SASELINE Subtracted	BASELINE SKIMNED	XTOTAL AREA	RELATIVE TO STANDARD
321.8933	тотя <u>ь</u>	659269.	VES	NO	31.94	3.80
321.8582	1	45967.	VES	VES	2.19	0.00
321.3921	2	296261.	VES	VES	11.03	5.55
321.9295	7	69542.	VES	VES	1.19	9.55