

Uploaded to VFC Website

~ October 2012 ~

This Document has been provided to you courtesy of Veterans-For-Change!

Feel free to pass to any veteran who might be able to use this information!

For thousands more files like this and hundreds of links to useful information, and hundreds of "Frequently Asked Questions, please go to:

Veterans-For-Change

Veterans-For-Change is a 501(c)(3) Non-Profit Corporation Tax ID #27-3820181

If Veteran's don't help Veteran's, who will?

We appreciate all donations to continue to provide information and services to Veterans and their families.

https://www.paypal.com/cgi-bin/webscr?cmd= s-xclick&hosted button id=WGT2M5UTB9A78

Note

VFC is not liable for source information in this document, it is merely provided as a courtesy to our members.

item D Kumber	02183
Author	Smith, R.M.
Corporate Author	
Report/Article Title	Typescript: Analysis of a Binghamton Soot Sample for Tetrachiorodibenzofurans and Tetrachlorodibenzo-p-dioxins, October 1, 1981
Journal/Book Title	
Year	
Month/Day	
Color	
Number of Images	21
Descripten Notes	

R.M. Smith, D.L. Hilker, P.W. O'Keefe, S. Kumar, J. O'Brien, B.L. Jelus-Tyror, K. Aldous

. 1 ,

October 1, 1981

A fire caused by a malfunctioning PCB-filled transformer in the Binghamton state office building on February 6, 1981 released an unknown amount of incomplete combustion products into the 18-story building. A sample of soot (Tox. No. 811711965) was collected from an unspecified area of the building using a vacuum cleaner. A portion of the homogenized soot, intended to be used for animal toxicology studies, was soxhlet extracted for 16 hrs in benzene and analyzed for TCDF's and TCDD's by capillary GC/High resolution mass spectrometry (HRMS).

PROCEDURE

Fifty µl of the benzene extract (corresponding to 46 mg soot) was spiked with 6 ng of ¹³C labelled 2,3,7,8-TCDD and cleaned-up prior to GC/HRMS injection using sequential liquid chromatographic columns containing PX-21 adsorptive carbon, 2% deactivated silica gel, and activated Florisil. An aliquot of the concentrated sample was then injected onto a 40 m x 3 mm OV275 coated soda glass GC capillary which is interfaced to the MS-50 HRMS through a jet separator. The temperature was appropriately programmed and mass profile data was accumulated for the m/e 306 (TCDF), 322,320 (TCDD) and 334 (¹³C TCDD) ions. Standards (¹³C 2,3,78-TCDD and unlabelled 2,3,7,8-TCDF) were run prior to sample injection. A control sample of Fisher activated coconut charcoal was similarly spiked and analyzed.

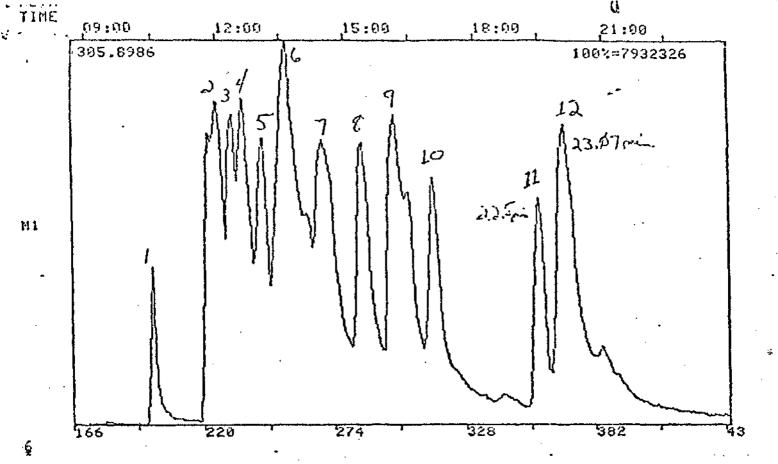
RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

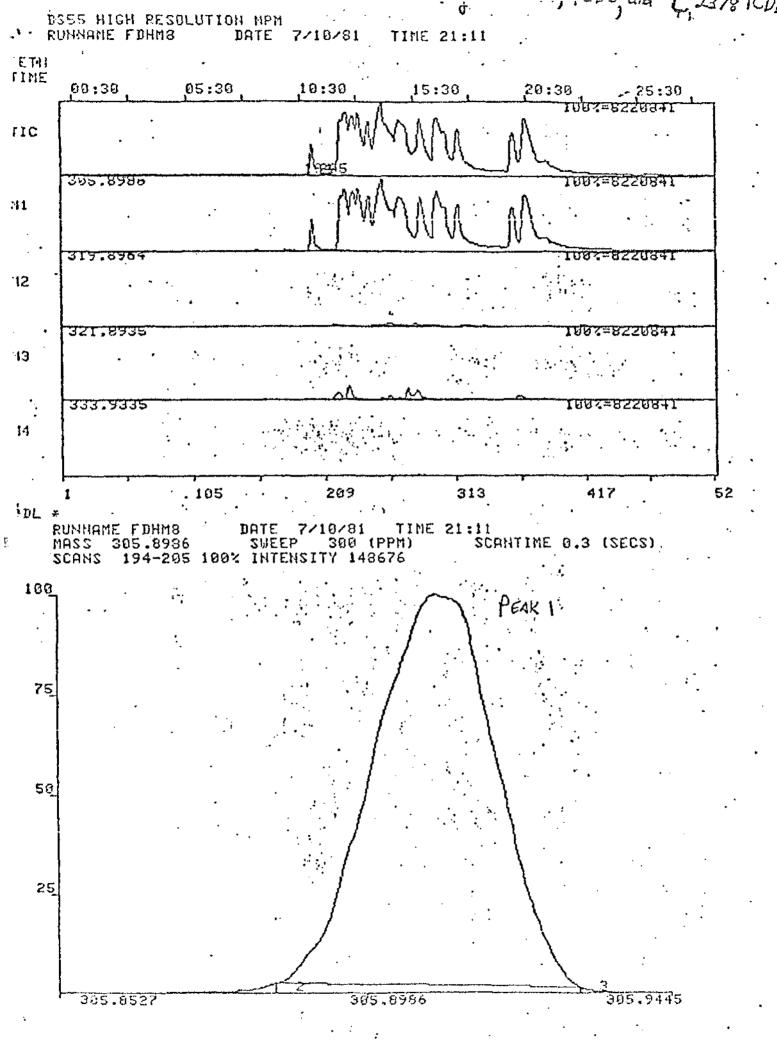
The sample was found to contain a complex mixture of TCDFs as shown in the chromatogram in Figure 1. At least twelve distinct TCDF peaks are present. 2,3,7,8-TCDF eluted as peak No. 12 as determined by comparison with an injection of authentic 2,3,7,8-TCDF. The presence of amounts of tetrachlorodibenzo-p-dioxins in the sample are indicated by the M3 chromatogram

in Figure 2. Closer inspection of the data revealed the presence of an interferent. However the data system allowed consideration of the intensity due to tetrachlorodioxin ions which were partially resolved from the interferents (Figure 3). The interferent appears at an m/e value very similar to that of the [M⁺-Cl] fragment of heptachlorobiphenyl. Signal detected in the dioxin ion position in the m/e 321.8936 mass region which occurred at the same time in the chromatogram as the ¹³C-2,3,7,8-TCDD were taken as being due to native 2,3,7,8-TCDD. This implies a relative retention time of 1.00 for native 2,3,7,8-TCDD.

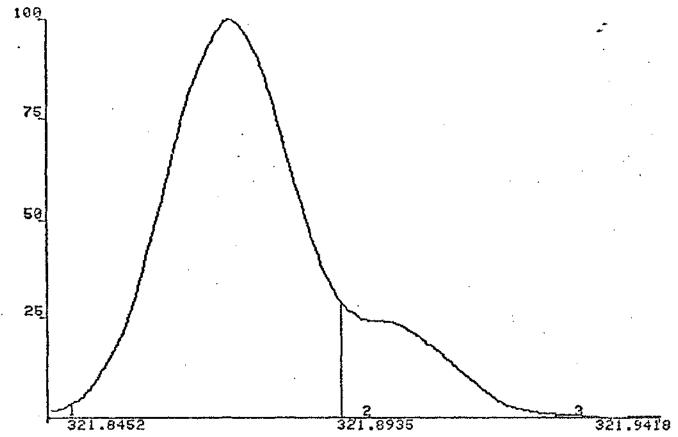
The quantitative results of the analysis of the samples are summarized in Table I. The figures given in the table denote only "detectable" TCDF and TCDD. The sample clean-up procedure that was used requires the use of isotypically labelled standards to correct for low recovery. Presently, no labelled TCDF is available and the assumption was made that the recovery of all TCDF and TCDD isomers was the same as that of the ¹³C labelled 2,3,7,8-TCDD internal standard based on preliminary TCDF recovery experiments. Although the capillary CC column gives a high degree of isomer separation, the analysis should not be considered completely 2,3,7,8-TCDD or TCDF isomer specific as other isomers may co-elute. The unexpectedly large amounts of TCDFs found in the sample exceeded the linear range of the HRMS, making a second injection using less sample necessary (Fig. 4) for proper quantitation (All calculations and several important mass profiles are included in the appendix). No TCDDs or TCDFs were found in the control carbon.

The results show that concentrations of TCDDs and TCDFs in this soot appear to be similar to those found in soot TOX No. 811710280 and air particulate sample Tox No. 811710977 previously taken from the Binghamton state office building.





RUNHAME FDHM8 DATE 7/10/81 TIME 21:11 MASS 321.8935 SWEEP 300 (PPH) SCANTIME 0.3 (SECS) SCANS 149-438 100% INTENSITY 442547



DL HOW MANY AREAS?3

198 25

DS55 HIGH RESOLUTION MPM PEAK SUMMATION REPORT

RUNNAME FDHM8 DATE 7/10/01 TIME 21:11

MASS 321.8935
SCAN WIDTH 300 PPM
SCAN TIME 0.3 SECS
SCAN HUNBERS 149- 438
STANDARD 0.0000
FACTOR 0

22RM	ITEM	AREA	* BASELIHE	BASELINE	%TOTAL	RELATIVE
CENTROID			SUBTRACTED	SKIMMED	AREA	TO STANDARD
321.8789	TOTAL	32772100.	YES	ИО	95.17	0.00
321,8733	1	27343700.	YES	НО	79.41	0.00
321.9021	2	5367326.	YES	NO	15.59	0.00
321.9331	3	61077.	YES ·	NO	0.18	0.60

*DL *

Table I. Results for Sample 811711965*

Total Furan Concentration - 597 ppm (Detection Limit = 2.3 ppm)

2,3,7,8-Furan Concentration - 48 ppm (D.L. = .45 ppm)

Total Dioxin - 1.8 ppm (D.L. = .04 ppm) Ratio 320/322 = 0.87

2,3,7,8-Dioxin - 1.2 ppm (D.L. =.008 ppm) Ratio 320/322 = 0.86

Recovery - 4%

Amt. of $^{13}C-2,3,7,8-TCDD$ spike - 6000 pg

Weight of Sample - 46 mg

Conc. of Spike - .13 ppm

Relative Retention Times:

2,3,7,8-tetrachlorofuran - Standard: 1.264 Sample: 1.269

2,3,7,8-tetrachlorodioxin - Sample: 1.00

* No TCDF or TCDD was found in the control carbon sample

APPENDIX: Supplementary Data

- 1. Carbon blank
- 2. External standards
- 3. Mass profiles 1st injection-Runname FDHM8
- Second injection data-Runname TDHM4
- 5. Calculations

Adsorptive Carbon

DSS5 HIGH RESOLUTION MPM RUNNAME FINNT DATE 7/10/81 TIME 20:26 RETH TIME **95:30** . 00:30 10:30 15:30 29:30 25:30 उछ्छरेन्छहरूरप्रेष्ठ TIC ĵ. 1007=867790 385.8986 M1 เชยร≃ัชธ779ฮ 319.8964 M2 321.8935 1007=857790 МЗ <u> เกิดระเคย 1 มิ</u> 333.9335 **M4**

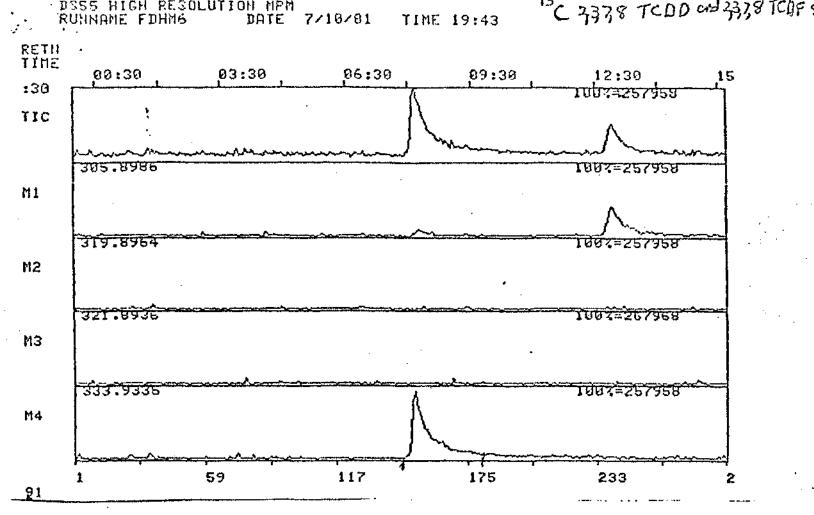
201

301

401

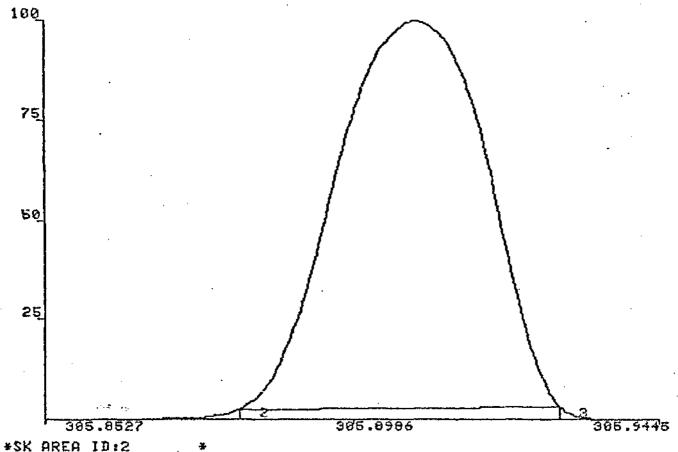
101

¥



TOTAL TCOF mass profile exceeds linear range in 1st injection

RUNNAME FDHM8 DATE 7/10/81 TIME 21:11 NASS 305.8986 SWEEP 300 (PPM) SCANTIME 0.3 (SECS) SCANS 149-438 100% INTENSITY 7971778



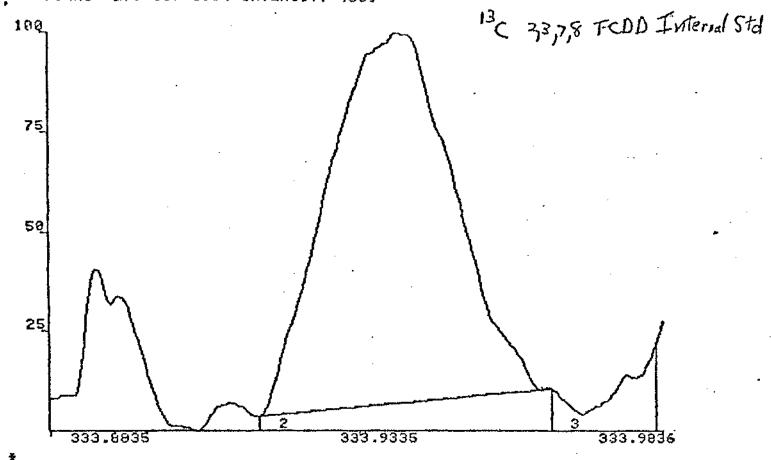
DS55 HIGH RESOLUTION MPM PEAK SUMMATION REPORT

RUNNAME FDHM8 DATE 7/10/81 TIME 21:11

MASS 305.8987
SCAN WIDTH 300 PPM
SCAN TIME 0.3 SECS
SCAN NUMBERS 149- 438
STANDARD 0.0000
FACTOR 0

MASS CENTROID	ITEM	AREA	BASELINE SUBTRACTED	BASELIHE SKIMMED	%TOTAL AREA	RELATIVE TO STANDARD
305.9072	TOTAL.	585240300.	YES	NO	98.97	0.00
305.8716	1	1871699.	YES	NO	0.32	0.00
305.9072	2	55 1408100.	YES	YE\$	93.25	0.00
305.9333	3	1415924.	YES	ИО	0.24	0.00

RUNHAME FORMS DATE 7/10/81 TIME 21:11 MASS 333.9336 SUEEP 308 (PPM) SCANTIME 0.3 (SECS) SCANS 279-307 100% INTENSITY 4589



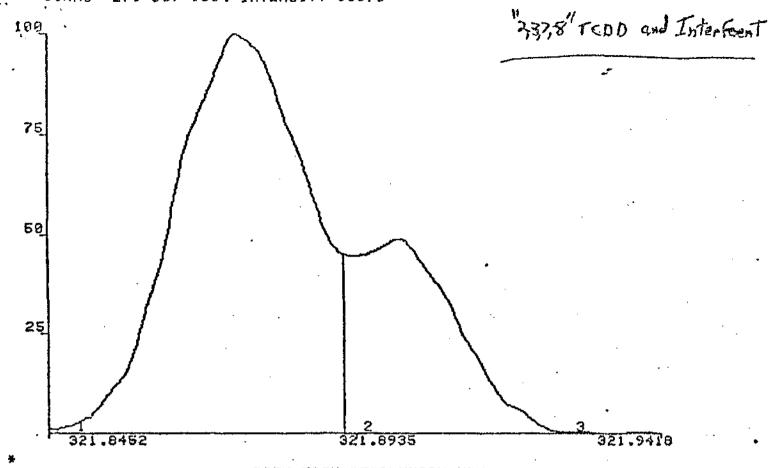
DS55 HIGH RESOLUTION MPM PEAK SUMMATION REPORT

RUNNAME FDHM8 DATE 7/10/81 TIME 21:11

MASS 333.9336
SCAN WIDTH 300 PPM
SCAN TIME 0.3 SECS
SCAN NUMBERS 279- 307
STANDARD 0.0000
FACTOR 0

MASS CENTROID	ITEM	AREA	BASELINE SUBTRACTED	BASELINE SKIMMED	*TOTAL AREA	RELATIVE TO STANDARD
333.9351	TOTAL	319020.	YES	Н0	66.54	0.88
333.8982	1	44037.	YES	Н0	9.19	0.09
333.9402	3	223480.	YES	YES	46.61	0.00
333.9746	3	17729.	YES	NO	3.78	0.00

SCANS 279-307 100% INTENSITY 83676



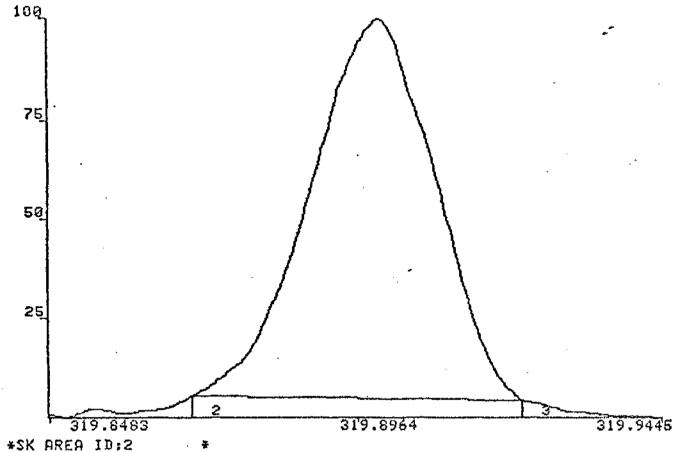
PEAK SUMMATION REPORT

RUNNAME FDHM8 DATE 7/10/81 TIME 21:11

MASS 321.8935
SCAN WIDTH 300 PPM
SCAN TIME 0.3 SECS
SCAN HUMBERS 279- 307
STANDARD 0.0000
FACTOR 0

MASS	ITEM	AREA	BASELINE	BASELINE	*TOTAL	RELATIVE
CENTROID			SUBTRACTED		AREA	TO STANDARD
321.8828	TOTAL	7275879.	. YES	110	97.33	ବ.ଡଡ
321.8748	1	5220057.	YES	но	69.83	9.98
321.9023	2	2050417.	YES	Ю	27.43	0.00
321.9319	3	5405.	YES	но	0.07	8.00

'RUNNAME FDHM8 DATE 7/10/81 TIME 21:11
MASS 319.8964 SWEEP 300 (PPM) SCANTIME 0.3 (SECS)
SCANS 149-438 100% INTENSITY 89622



DS55 HIGH RESOLUTION MPM PEAK SUMMATION REPORT

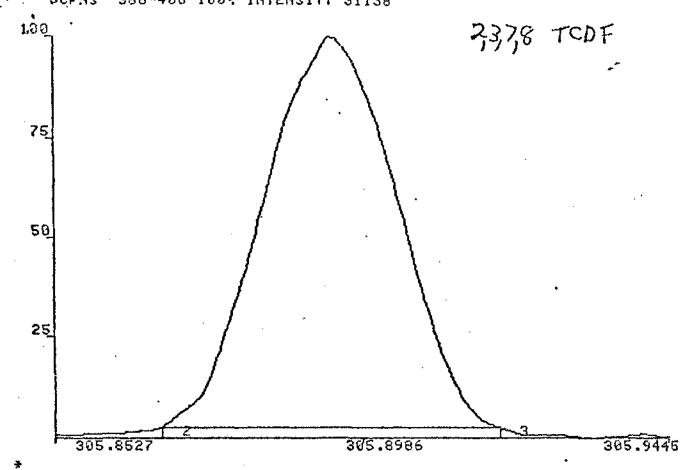
RUNNAME FDHM8 DATE 7/10/81 TIME 21:11

MASS 319.8965
SCAN WIDTH 300 PPM
SCAN TIME 0.3 SECS
SCAN NUMBERS 149- 438
STANDARD 0.0000
FACTOR 0

KAMINSKY'S BING. SOOT 2.55 OF 9.0UL .

E

22AM	ITEM	AREA	BASELINE	BASELINE	*TOTAL	RELATIVE
CENTROID			SUBTRACTED	SKIMMED	AREA	TO STANDARD
319.8972	TOTAL	5364537.	YES	NO	72.82	ଡ.ଡଡ
319.8596	1	79597.	YES	NO	1.08	ଡ.ନଡ
319.8989	2	4685357.	YES	YES	63.60	0.08
319.9319	3	66501.	YES	NO	0.90	0.08



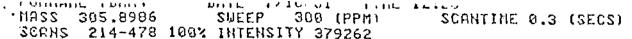
DS65 HIGH RESOLUTION MPM PEAK SUMMATION REPORT

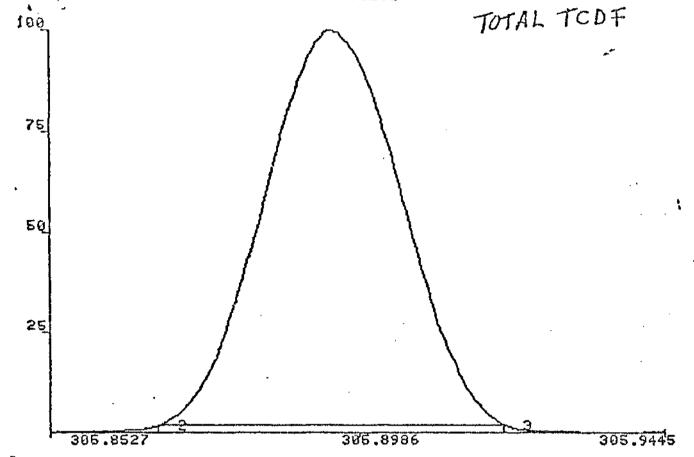
RUNNANE TOHM4 DATE 7/16/81 TIME 12:28

MASS 305.8987
SCAH WIDTH 300 PPM
SCAN TIME 0.3 SECS
SCAN HUMBERS 388- 406
STANDARD 0.0000
FACTOR 0

1. BUL DILUTION OF KAMINSKY'S SOOT

MASS CEHTROID	ITEM	AREA	BASELINE SUBTRACTED	BASELIHE SKIMMED	%TOTAL AREA	RELATIVE TO STANDARD
305.8933	TOTAL	2050185.	YES	NO	95.36	0.03
305.8613	1	14863.	YES	NO	0.69	0.00
305.8938	2	1917649.	YES	YES	89.20	0.00
305.9302	3	11737.	YES	НО	0.55	0.00





DS65 HIGH RESOLUTION MPM

. PEAK SUMMATION REPORT

RUNNAME TDHM4 DATE 7/16/81 TIME 12:28

MASS 305.8987
SCAN WIDTH 300 PPM
SCAN TIME 0.3 SECS
SCAN NUMBERS 214- 478
STANDARD 0.0000
FACTOR 0

1.0UL DILUTION OF KAMINSKY'S SOOT

ZZAM	ITEM	AREA	BASELINE	BASELINE	*TOTAL	RELATIVE
CENTROID			SUBTRACTED	SKIMMED	AREA	TO STANDARD
305.8948	TOTAL	25127260.	YE'S	NO	92.56	0.00
305.8611	1	64216.	Z3Y	NO	0.24	0.00
305.8948	2	24077630.	YES	YES	88.79	0.0 0
305.9309	3	73307.	YE\$	NO	0.27	0.00

Calculation of Response Factor of Furan to Dioxin

Amt of TCDF injected = 1.2 µL of 150 pg/µL

Int of TCDF con = 677482

Sensitivity = 677482/180 = 3764 counts/pg

Amt of 13 C TCDD injected = 1.0 μ L of 600 pg/μ L

Int. of TCDD ion = 1949179

Sensitivity = 1949179/600 = 3249 counts/pg.

Response Factor of Furan is 3764/3249 = 1.16

For equal amounts of material, the response of TCDF is 1.16 times $^{13}\mathrm{C}$ TCDD.

Calculation of Furan in peak number 1 (this peak was used as internal furan standard for the second injection)

 $Amt_{Furan} = I_{305} \times (Amt \ ^{13}C/I_{334}) \times R.F.$

= 8596844

Amt_{13c} = Amt of ¹²c-TCDD spike (internal std.) added to sample = 6 ng

 I_{334} = intensity of m/z 334 ion (int. std.) = 223480

R.F. = response of 2,3,7,8-TCDF compared to 13 C 2,3,7,8-TCDD = 1.16

 $Amt_{Furan} = 8.597 \times (6 \text{ ng}/.223480) \times 1.16$

≈ 268 ng

Calculation of 2,3,7,8-TCDF

$$Amt_{2378} = I_{2378} \times (Amt_{P1}/I_{P1})$$

$$Amt_{2378} = amt of 2,3,7,8-TCDF$$

$$I_{2378}$$
 = intensity of 2,3,7,8-TCDF ions = 1917649

$$Amt_{Pl} = amt$$
 of furan in peak $1 = 268$ ng

$$I_{Pl}$$
 = intensity of furan in peak 1 = 235188

$$= 1.918 \times (268/235)$$

$$Conc_{2378} = 2187 \text{ ng}/46 \text{ mg}$$

= 48 ppm

Calculation of Total TCDF

$$Amt_{TOT} = I_{TOT} \times (Amt/I)$$

$$= 24.-78 \times (268/.235)$$

$$= 27459 \text{ ng}$$

Calculation of 2,3,7,8-TCDD (scans 279-307)

Amt₂₃₇₈ =
$$I_{2378} \times (Amt^{-13}c/I_{13})$$

= 2.050417 x (6/.223480)
= 55.04 ng
Conc₂₃₇₈ = 55.0 ng/46 mg
= 1.2 ppm

Calcualtion of Total TCDD (scans 149-438)

$$Amt_{TOT} = I_{TOT} \times (Amt^{13}C/I_{13}C)$$

$$= 5.367 \times (6/.395528)$$

$$= 80.4 \text{ ng}$$
 $Conc_{2378} = 80.4 \text{ ng}/46 \text{ mg}$

... = 1.8 ppm